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(54) Title: VACCINAL POLYPEPTIDES (57) Abstract This invention provides vaccine compositions capable of conferring multi-strain immunity against influenza A and influenza B.		

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VACCINAL POLYPEPTIDES

This is a continuation-in-part of pending
United States patent application Serial Number 751,896;
5 which is a continuation-in-part of United States patent
application Serial Number 387,558; which is a
continuation-in-part of United States patent application
Serial Number 238,801, now abandoned; which is a
continuation-in-part of United States patent application
10 Serial Number 645,732, now abandoned.

Field of the Invention

The present invention relates generally to a
polypeptide useful in a composition for providing
immunity against influenza A and influenza B in an
15 animal.

Background of the Invention

Influenza virus infection causes acute
respiratory disease in man, horses, swine and fowl,
sometimes of pandemic proportions. Influenza viruses are
20 orthomyxoviruses and, as such, have envelope virions of
80 to 120 nanometers in diameter, with two different

glycoprotein spikes. Three types, A, B and C, infect humans. Type A viruses have been responsible for the majority of human epidemics in modern history, although there are also sporadic outbreaks of Type B infections.

5 Known swine, equine and avian viruses have mostly been Type A, although Type C viruses have also been isolated from swine.

The Type A viruses are divided into subtypes based on the antigenic properties of the hemagglutinin (HA) and neuraminidase (NA) surface glycoproteins.

10 Within type A, subtypes H1 ("swine flu"), H2 ("asian flu") and H3 ("Hong Kong flu") are predominant in human infections. In swine, the predominant influenza A subtypes are H1 and H3; in horses, H3 and H7; and in
15 avians, H5 and H7. Presently only one Type B virus has been identified, with no subtypes.

Genetic "drift" or "shift", i.e., rapid and unpredictable change in the antigen, occurs at approximately yearly intervals, and affects antigenic
20 determinants in the HA and NA proteins. Therefore, it has not been possible to prepare a "universal" influenza virus vaccine using conventional killed or attenuated viruses, that is, a vaccine which is non-strain specific.

Recently, attempts have been made to prepare such universal, or semi-universal, vaccines from reassortant viruses prepared by crossing different strains. More recently, such attempts have involved recombinant DNA techniques focusing primarily on the HA protein.

There remains a need in the art for vaccine formulations and compositions capable of inducing protective responses in animals against influenza viruses.

Summary of the Invention

The present invention provides compositions containing, and methods for use of, a protein which is capable of inducing protection in animals and avians against challenge with more than one strain of influenza type A and influenza type B.

Thus, one aspect of the invention provides a DNA sequence encoding a modified purified recombinant protein. The DNA sequence of the invention encodes a modified protein sequence derived from the HA2 subunit of a selected hemagglutinin (HA) protein. In one embodiment, the sequence is derived from an H3N2 subtype influenza virus. These H3N2 fusion proteins are capable of inducing T cell responses in the absence of

neutralizing antibodies. In another embodiment, a DNA sequence of this invention encodes a modified protein sequence derived from the HA2 subunit from a type B influenza virus. Still further embodiments include DNA sequences obtained as described for the two above virus, where the sequences are derived from other Type A influenza strains infecting animals as well as humans. Such virus include, without limitation, Type A subtypes of H1, H2, H3, H4, H5, H6 and H7.

In another aspect, the invention provides a DNA sequence encoding a recombinant fusion protein, in which the desired Type A subtype HA2 subunit sequence or a portion thereof, is fused in frame to another protein or protein fragment capable of enhancing expression of the fusion protein. One embodiment includes the H3N2 subtype HA2 subunit sequence described above fused in frame to another protein or fragment capable of enhancing expression thereof. Another embodiment of such a fusion protein comprises a type B HA2 sequence, described above, or a portion thereof, fused in frame to another protein or protein fragment capable of enhancing expression of the fusion protein. Still other Type A subtype HA2 sequences can be similarly used. It is desirable that this fusion partner protein be an influenza protein sequence or fragment thereof.

In still another aspect a protein encoded by a DNA sequence of the invention is provided. The protein may be a protein sequence derived from the HA2 subunit of a hemagglutinin (HA) protein from a selected Type A
5 subtype virus. Desirably the subtype virus is an H3N2. In another embodiment, the protein may be derived from the HA subunit from a type B influenza virus. Other embodiments include H5 or H7 subtypes. Additionally, preferred embodiments include fusion proteins comprising
10 a protein sequence derived from the HA2 subunit of an HA protein from a Type A virus, e.g., an H3N2 subtype, or from a type B virus fused in frame to a selected influenza sequence. The proteins of this invention are particularly useful in inducing protection in mammals,
15 especially humans, against challenge by type B or an H3N2 subtype of influenza A. The proteins employing other Type A subtypes, e.g., H5 and H7, are useful in inducing protection in animals against influenza viruses.

In a further aspect the invention provides a
20 vaccine composition containing a purified protein of the invention, as described above. Such a vaccine composition may include a fusion protein of the invention. In other embodiments of the invention, the vaccine compositions contain an H3HA2 protein of the
25 invention and other influenza antigens; a type B HA2

protein of the invention and other influenza antigens; or both an H3HA2 protein, a BHA2 protein and other influenza antigens. In a preferred embodiment for human use, a combination vaccine of the invention will contain an
5 H3HA2 and a BHA2 protein of the invention in combination with influenza antigens derived from the other type A influenza virus subtypes, H1 and H2. An embodiment for use in animals may contain an H5HA2 or H7HA2 protein, among others.

10 A further aspect of this invention is a method for inducing in an animal protection against influenza type A, influenza type B, influenza type C, or combinations thereof, which comprises internally administering to the animal an effective immunogenic
15 amount of a vaccine composition of the present invention.

Still a further aspect of this invention is a method for inducing in an animal protection against multiple strains of influenza types A and B which comprises internally administering to the animal an
20 effective immunogenic amount of a vaccine composition of the present invention.

Other aspects and advantages of the present invention are described further in the following detailed description of the preferred embodiments thereof.

Brief Description of the Drawings

Fig. 1 illustrates the nucleic acid sequences of the HA2 portions of (a) A/Udorn [SEQ ID NO: 1], (b) A/Victoria [SEQ ID NO: 3], (c) A/PR/8/34 [SEQ ID NO: 5], and (d) a consensus sequence [SEQ ID NO: 7]. Dashes indicate the same nucleotide as the consensus sequence. Different nucleotides from that of the consensus sequence are reported in lower case letters. Dots indicate no corresponding nucleotide when compared to the consensus sequence.

Fig. 2 illustrates the nucleic acid and amino acid sequences of NS1₍₁₋₈₁₎H3HA2₍₁₋₂₂₁₎ fusion protein [SEQ ID NO: 9 & 10].

Fig. 3 illustrates the nucleic acid and amino acid sequences of the NS1₍₁₋₈₁₎H3HA2₍₇₇₋₂₂₁₎ fusion protein [SEQ ID NO: 11 & 12].

Fig. 4 illustrates the nucleic acid and amino acid sequences of the type B fusion protein, NS1₁₋₄₂HA2₄₁₋₂₂₁. [SEQ ID NO: 13 & 14].

Detailed Description of the Invention

The present invention provides novel proteins, DNA sequences, pharmaceutical vaccine compositions and methods of use thereof for conferring protection in vaccinated mammals against one strain, or desirably

multiple strains, of influenza viruses. The proteins and vaccine compositions of the present invention demonstrate the ability to stimulate or produce a protective immune response which is capable of recognizing an influenza virus or influenza virus-infected cells and protecting the vaccinated mammal against disease caused thereby. This protective response is desirably a T cell response, produced in the substantial absence of vaccine-induced neutralizing antibody.

While the proteins and DNA sequences specifically described herein are directed to the H3HA2 and BHA2 sequences originating from viral strains to which humans are susceptible, it is expected that similar sequences and molecules can be prepared for veterinary applications. For example, selected HA2 sequences obtained from type A viral strains, e.g., H5HA2, H7HA2 and other strains of interest may be obtained following the teachings described herein for the exemplified H3HA2 and BHA2 sequences. One of skill in the art should understand that this invention is not limited to the exemplified protein and DNA sequences, even though the following disclosure is limited to the two latter sequences for simplicity. Such additional viral HA2 subunits are expected to share the biological characteristics of the exemplified sequences.

Thus, this invention provides a protein or fragment thereof characterized by an amino acid sequence derived from the HA2 subunit of a hemagglutinin (HA) protein, e.g., from a H3N2 subtype virus. The H3 proteins of the invention are capable of inducing T helper cells, particularly cytotoxic T lymphocytes, in the absence of neutralizing antibodies. Among H3N2 subtype strains of influenza A include A/Udorn and A/Victoria viruses. Other H3N2 virus strains of influenza A may also produce HA proteins for use in vaccine compositions according to this invention. Fig. 1 compares the nucleic acid sequences of the HA2 portions of the A/Udorn [SEQ ID NO: 1] and A/Victoria [SEQ ID NO: 3] strains with the nucleic acid sequence of an H1N1 subtype virus, A/PR/8/34 [SEQ ID NO: 5]. A consensus sequence [SEQ ID NO: 7] was computer generated, and may likewise be useful in producing proteins according to this invention. This consensus sequence [SEQ ID NO: 7] can be constructed by a commercially available computerized sequence analysis program, such as Genetics Computers Group [Univeristy of Wisconsin].

Proteins according to this invention may include unfused HA2 subunits of the influenza A viruses, particularly H3N2 subtype. For example, in one embodiment, a protein of the invention contains amino

acids 1-221 of a selected H3HA2 subunit. In another embodiment, a protein of the invention contains amino acids 77-221 of the H3HA2 subunit. Other fragments of this HA2 amino acid sequence characterized by the ability to stimulate similar immunological activity in an immunized animal are also encompassed by this invention.

Proteins of this invention also include fusion proteins comprising a protein sequence derived from the HA2 subunit of an HA protein from a Type A virus, e.g., an H3N2 subtype virus, fused in frame to another protein or protein fragment capable of enhancing expression of the fusion protein. It is desirable that this fusion "partner" protein be an influenza protein sequence or fragment thereof derived from the same or another strain of influenza virus as the HA protein or protein fragment. Preferably, this fusion partner protein is all or a portion of the influenza virus NS1 gene or an HA2 subunit.

In the embodiments exemplified herein, the NS1 portion of the fusion protein is derived from an H1N1 subtype virus, A/PR/8/34. For example, in one embodiment, the NS1 portion may comprise amino acid residues 1 to 42 of H1NS1. In another embodiment the NS1 portion may comprise amino acid residues 1 to 81 of the selected virus. The HA2 fragment may alternatively be fused to a portion of the NS1 peptide derived from a

selected Type A virus, e.g., an H3 subtype virus (H3HA2), or a type B (BHA2) virus.

However, other non-influenza fusion proteins may also produce desirable fusion proteins with the H3N2, or other Type A, or type B protein or portion thereof. Thus, in still another alternative embodiment, as discussed below, the HA2 fragment may be fused to any peptide capable of enhancing its expression in the host cell selected. One of skill in the art may readily select a fusion "partner" protein or fragment taking into account the desired host cell and utilizing the teachings herein. The fusion proteins of the present invention are not limited by the selection of the "partner" protein or fragment to which the HA2 fragment is fused.

In yet another embodiment, the present invention provides a modified protein containing a portion of the HA2 subunit of a type B influenza virus. Currently, the preferred human virus strain is B/Lee/40. However, the vaccinal proteins of this invention are not limited to this type B strain, and other strains infecting other species, or other as yet unidentified type B virus strains, may be used to produce the HA2 protein. These type B HA2 proteins may be fused, as described above for the H3HA2 proteins of this invention, or remain unfused.

In the construction of a fusion protein according to this invention, a linker sequence may be inserted optionally between the two fused sequences, i.e., between the NS1 portion and the HA2 portion. This optional linker may provide space between the two linked sequences. Alternatively, this linker sequence may encode, if desired, a polypeptide which is selectively cleavable or digestible by conventional chemical or enzymatic methods. For example, the selected cleavage site may be an enzymatic cleavage site, including sites for cleavage by a proteolytic enzyme, such as enterokinase, factor Xa, trypsin, collagenase and thrombin. Alternatively, the cleavage site in the linker may be a site capable of being cleaved upon exposure to a selected chemical, e.g., cyanogen bromide or hydroxylamine. The cleavage site, if inserted into a linker useful in the fusion sequences of this invention, does not limit this invention. Any desired cleavage site, of which many are known in the art, may be used for this purpose.

A presently preferred example of a fusion protein of this invention is NS1₍₁₋₈₁₎H3HA2₍₁₋₂₂₁₎ [SEQ ID NO: 10], which comprises the first 81 amino acids of NS1 fused to amino acid 1 to 221 of the H3HA2 subunit (amino acids 1-221). Another exemplary fusion protein, NS1₍₁₋₈₁₎H3HA2₍₇₁₋₂₂₁₎ [SEQ ID NO: 12], comprises the first 81 amino

acids of NS1 fused to amino acid 77 to 221 of the truncated H3HA2 subunit. Yet another preferred example of a fusion protein of this invention is NS1₁₋₄₂BHA2₄₁₋₂₂₃ [SEQ ID NO: 14], which comprises the first 42 amino acids of NS1 fused to amino acids 41 to 223 of the truncated BHA2 subunit. These proteins, fusion proteins and similar proteins encoded by the below-described DNA sequences are referred to collectively herein as H3HA2 proteins.

The NS1₍₁₋₈₁₎H3HA2₍₁₋₂₂₁₎ protein [SEQ ID NO: 10] of the invention has a three-dimensional structure which is substantially similar to that of the NS1₍₁₋₈₁₎HA2₍₁₋₂₂₂₎ protein [SEQ ID NO: 16] derived from the H1N1 subtype virus (C13). However, the amino acid sequence of the NS1₍₁₋₈₁₎H3HA2₍₁₋₂₂₁₎ protein [SEQ ID NO: 10] has only approximately 50% homology with the amino acid sequence of C13 protein [SEQ ID NO: 16]. Additionally, as illustrated in Fig. 1, the nucleic acid sequence of the H3HA2₁₋₂₂₁ fragment derived from A/Udorn (nucleotides 25-560 from that virus) [SEQ ID NO: 1] has only approximately 60% homology with the nucleic acid sequence of the H1HA2₁₋₂₂₂ protein derived from strain A/PR/8/34 (nucleotides 1872-2407 from A/PR/8/34) [SEQ ID NO: 5]. However, the nucleic acid sequence of H3HA2₁₋₂₂₁ from A/Udorn (nucleotides 1-499 of A/Udorn) [SEQ ID NO: 1] has approximately 99% homology with the nucleic acid sequence of H3HA2₁₋₂₂₁ from A/Victoria/H3/75

(nucleotides 1226-1725 of A/Victoria) [SEQ ID NO: 3]
[Fiers et al, Cell, 19:683-696 (1980)].

5 Analog of the HA2 peptides from a Type A
virus, e.g., an H3, or B viruses, included within the
definition of this invention, include truncated
polypeptides (including fragments) and HA2 polypeptides,
e.g. mutants that retain the epitopes and thus the
biological activity of HA2. It is anticipated that,
because the NS1 portion of the fusion peptide provides a
10 means of expressing the protein at high levels and does
not appear to play as significant a role in the
immunological responses to the HA2 fusion proteins as
does the HA2 portion, any number of analogs of this
fusion partner can be made.

15 Typically, the analogs of the HA2 peptides
and/or the fusion partner differ by only 1 to about 4
codon changes. Other examples of analogs include
polypeptides with minor amino acid variations from the
natural amino acid sequence of HA2; in particular,
20 conservative amino acid replacements. Conservative
replacements are those that take place within a family of
amino acids that are related in their side chains.
Genetically encoded amino acids are generally divided
into four families: (1) acidic = aspartate, glutamate;
25 (2) basic = lysine, arginine, histidine; (3) non-polar =
alanine, valine, leucine, isoleucine, proline,

phenylalanine, methionine, tryptophan; and (4) uncharged polar = glycine, asparagine, glutamine, cysteine, serine, threonine, tyrosine. Phenylalanine, tryptophan, and tyrosine are sometimes classified jointly as aromatic amino acids. For example, it is reasonable to expect that an isolated replacement of a leucine with an isoleucine or valine, an aspartate with a glutamate, a threonine with a serine, or a similar conservative replacement of an amino acid with a structurally related amino acid will not have a significant effect on its activity, especially if the replacement does not involve an amino acid at an epitope of the HA2 polypeptide. The construction of such analogs, given the description herein and conventional methods of protein modification known to one of skill in the art, are believed to be encompassed by this invention.

Currently, it is theorized that the HA2 portion of the fusion peptide (e.g., H3HA2₁₋₂₁, H3HA2₇₇₋₂₂₁ and BHA2₄₁₋₂₂₁) confers the majority of the necessary epitopes for antibody binding or T cell (particularly CTL) targeting. Once these epitope sequences are precisely identified, portions of the HA2 sequence which are not part of these epitopes may be altered without significantly affecting the bioactivity of the fusion protein.

The present invention also encompasses DNA sequences of this invention encoding the above-described proteins and fusion proteins, the sequences characterized by having an immunogenic determinant of a modified HA2 subunit of an HA protein, derived from a Type A virus, e.g., an H3 subtype, or type B virus. Other DNA sequences of this invention encode such HA2 subunits, optionally fused to a DNA sequence encoding a protein or peptide which is capable of enhancing expression of the protein in a selected host cell. For example, the consensus sequence illustrated in Fig. 1(d) may provide a source of HA2 DNA. The currently preferred embodiment provides a DNA sequence encoding a Type A virus, e.g., an H3 or type B HA2 protein or fragment thereof fused in frame to a DNA sequence encoding a portion of the nonstructural influenza protein 1 (NS1).

Coding sequences for the HA2, NS1 and other viral proteins of influenza virus can be prepared synthetically or can be derived from viral RNA or from available cDNA-containing plasmids by known techniques. For example, in addition to the above-cited references, a DNA coding sequence for HA from the A/Japan/305/57 strain was cloned, sequenced and reported by Gething et al, Nature, 287:301-306 (1980). An HA coding sequence for strain A/NT/60/68 was cloned as reported by Sleight et al, and by Both et al, in Developments in Cell Biology,

Elsevier Science Publishing Co., pages 69-79 and 81-89, respectively, (1980). An HA coding sequence for strain A/WSN/33 was cloned as reported by Davis et al, Gene, 10:205-218 (1980); and by Hiti et al, Virology, 111:113-124 (1981). An HA coding sequence for fowl plague virus was cloned as reported by Porter et al and by Emtage et al, both in Developments in Cell Biology, cited above, at pages 39-49 and 157-168. Also, influenza viruses, including other strains, subtypes and types, are available from clinical specimens and from public depositories, such as the American Type Culture Collection (ATCC), Rockville, Maryland, U.S.A.

Allelic variations (naturally-occurring base changes in the species population which may or may not result in an amino acid change) of DNA sequences encoding the H3HA2 or BHA2 protein sequences are also included in the present invention, as well as analogs or derivatives thereof. Similarly, DNA sequences which code for H3 or other Type A or type B HA2 proteins of the invention but which differ in codon sequence due to the degeneracies of the genetic code or variations in the DNA sequence encoding H3HA2, other Type A or BHA2 proteins which are caused by point mutations or by induced modifications to enhance the activity, half-life or production of the peptide encoded thereby are also encompassed in the invention. Also covered by this invention are DNA

sequences which hybridize under stringent conditions with the DNA sequences encoding the HA2 subunit proteins, e.g., H3HA2 or BHA2 proteins, of this invention. DNA sequences which hybridize under non-stringent conditions with the disclosed sequences, but which encode proteins or fragments retaining the biological activities of the H3HA2 or BHA2 proteins, are also included in this invention. Typical conditions for stringent or non-stringent hybridization are known to those of skill in the art. [See, e.g., Sambrook et al, Molecular Cloning. A Laboratory Manual, 2nd edition, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, NY (1989)].

The fusion proteins of the invention may be prepared by conventional genetic engineering and recombinant techniques known to those of skill in the art. Similarly, the proteins may be purified from expression in host cell or vector systems by conventional means.

Systems for cloning and expression of the vaccinal polypeptide of this invention in various microorganisms and cells, including, for example, E. coli, Bacillus, Streptomyces, Saccharomyces, mammalian and insect cells, are known and available from private and public laboratories and depositories and from commercial vendors. The preferred host is E. coli because it can be used to produce large amounts of

desired proteins safely and cheaply. The polypeptide employed in the presently preferred embodiment is expressed in E. coli. To circumvent the requirement of ampicillin for plasmid selection in production fermentations, a preferred method of production employs an alternative expression system in which the β -lactamase coding sequence is wholly or partially replaced by a coding sequence for an alternative selectable marker such as, for example, kanamycin or chloramphenicol.

To aid in expression of the H3 or other Type A subunit or type B HA2 peptides or fusion protein described above, these protein sequences or fragments thereof may also be fused to a polypeptide capable of enhancing expression of these fragments in the selected host system. Ordinarily, such a peptide would contain a leader sequence fragment that provides for secretion of the Type A subunit fragment, e.g., the H3HA2 fragment, or type B HA2 fragment in the host cell. The leader sequence fragment typically encodes a signal peptide comprised of hydrophobic amino acids which direct the secretion of the protein from the cell. There may be processing sites encoded between the leader sequence and the Type A subtype or type B HA2 fragment that can be cleaved either in vivo or in vitro. Alternatively, a promoter sequence may be linked directly with the DNA molecule encoding the HA2 fragment. Such polypeptides,

promoter and leader sequences are known to those of skill in the art and may be readily selected for expression in the selected host.

Construction of expression systems, including
5 expression vectors and transformed host cells are thus within the art. See, generally, methods described in standard texts, such as Sambrook et al, Molecular Cloning
10 A Laboratory Manual, 2d edit., Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, Cold Spring Harbor, NY (1989). The present invention is therefore not limited to any particular expression system or vector, nor to any particular purification process from cell lysates or cell medium.

The proteins and fusion proteins of this invention may be employed in vaccine compositions.
15 Pharmaceutical vaccine compositions of this invention, therefore, contain an effective immunogenic amount of a selected HA2 protein, e.g., H3HA2 or BHA2 protein, of the invention in admixture with a suitable adjuvant in a nontoxic and sterile pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

20 Suitable carriers for vaccine use are well known to those of skill in the art. However, exemplary carriers include sterile saline, lactose, sucrose, calcium phosphate, gelatin, dextrin, agar, pectin, peanut oil, olive oil, sesame oil, squalene and water.

25 Additionally, the carrier or diluent may include a time delay material, such as glyceryl monostearate or glyceryl

distearate alone or with a wax. Optionally, suitable chemical stabilizers may be used to improve the stability of the pharmaceutical preparation. Suitable chemical stabilizers are well known to those of skill in the art and include, for example, citric acid and other agents to adjust pH, chelating or sequestering agents, and antioxidants.

While any aluminum adjuvant may be used in the vaccine compositions of this invention, two desirable adjuvants are commercially marketed under the trademarks Rehsorptar [Armour Pharmaceuticals, Kankakee, IL] and Rehydragel [Reheis Chemical Co., Berkeley Heights, NJ]. These products are aluminum hydroxide gels which contain approximately 2% w/v Al_2O_3 , which is equivalent to approximately 10.6 mg/r. Al^{+3} .

Vaccine compositions of this invention may employ an immunogenic amount of a purified recombinant protein as described above. A preferred embodiment of the vaccine of the invention is composed of an aqueous suspension or solution containing the recombinant HA2 protein molecule, e.g., H3HA2 or BHA2, together with an adjuvant, preferably an aluminum, most preferably aluminum hydroxide, buffered at physiological pH, in a form ready for injection. A preferred protein for use in these vaccine compositions includes a protein comprising amino acid residues 1 to 81 from NS1 fused to C-terminal

amino acid residues 1-221 from the hemagglutinin subunit 2 (HA2) from influenza A, subtype H3N2. Another preferred vaccine composition of this invention employs a purified recombinant protein made up of amino acid residues 1 to 81 from NS1 fused to amino acid residues 77-221 of the HA2 from influenza A, subtype H3N2. Still another preferred vaccine composition of this invention employs a purified recombinant protein made up of amino acid residues 1 to 42 fused to amino acid residues 41-223 of the HA2 from influenza B.

Vaccine compositions of the invention may also employ an immunogenic amount of a recombinant protein of the invention in combination with other influenza antigens. Suitable influenza antigens for combination in a vaccine composition with the proteins of this invention may be derived from type A, H1 subtype viruses and may include the recombinant fusion proteins described in detail in copending U. S. Patent Application Ser. No. 07/387,200, filed July 28, 1989 and its corresponding European Patent Application No. 366, 238, published May 2, 1990; and in co-pending U. S. Patent Application Ser. No. 07/387,558, filed July 28, 1989 and its corresponding European Patent Application No. 366,239, published May 2, 1990. The C13 protein (NS1₍₁₋₈₁₎HA2₍₁₋₂₂₁₎) [SEQ ID NO: 15 & 16], D protein (NS1₍₁₋₈₁₎HA2₍₆₃₋₂₂₁₎) [SEQ ID NO: 17 & 18] and other fusion proteins derived from the H1N1 influenza

virus subtype and the recombinant expression and purification thereof are disclosed in detail in these applications, and in the parent applications identified in this application, all of which are incorporated by reference herein.

More specifically, suitable H1 subtype immunogenic proteins include C13 (NS1₍₁₋₄₁₎-D-L-S-R-HA2₍₁₋₂₂₂₎) [SEQ ID NO: 15 & 16], D (NS1₍₁₋₄₁₎-Q-I-P-HA2₍₆₅₋₂₂₂₎) [SEQ ID NO: 17 & 18], C13 short (NS1₍₁₋₄₂₎-M-D-L-S-R-HA2₍₁₋₂₂₂₎) [SEQ ID NO: 19 & 20], D short (NS1₍₁₋₄₂₎-M-D-H-M-L-T-S-T-R-S-HA2₍₆₆₋₂₂₂₎) [SEQ ID NO: 21 & 22], A (NS1₍₁₋₄₁₎-Q-I-P-HA2₍₆₅₋₂₂₂₎) [SEQ ID NO: 23 & 24], C (NS1₍₁₋₄₁₎-Q-I-P-HA2₍₆₁₋₂₂₂₎) [SEQ ID NO: 25 & 26], ΔD (NS1₍₁₋₄₁₎-HA2₍₁₅₀₋₂₂₂₎) [SEQ ID NO: 27], Δ13 (NS1₍₁₋₄₁₎-D-L-S-R-HA2₍₁₋₇₀₎-S-C-L-T-A-Y-H-R) [SEQ ID NO: 28], M (NS1₍₁₋₄₁₎-Q-I-P-HA2₍₆₅₋₁₉₆₎-G-G-S-Y-S-M-E-H-F-R-W-G-K-P-V) [SEQ ID NO: 29], ΔM (NS1₍₁₋₄₁₎-Q-I-P-HA2₍₆₅₋₁₉₆₎-G-G-S-Y-S-M-L-V-N) [SEQ ID NO: 30], ΔM+ (NS1₍₁₋₄₁₎-Q-I-P-HA2₍₆₅₋₂₀₀₎-L-V-L-L) [SEQ ID NO: 31 & 32]. These H1N1 fusion proteins are described in published European Patent Application 366,238 and in copending U.S. Patent Application Ser. No. 07/751,896. Other suitable H1 proteins consist of unfused polypeptides, such as H1HA2₆₆₋₂₂₂ [SEQ ID NO: 33 & 34] which is disclosed in copending U. S. Patent Application Ser. No. 07/751,898, incorporated herein by reference. Thus, one desirable combination vaccine to provide protection against Type A

influenza contains NS1₍₁₋₄₁₎H3HA2₍₁₋₂₂₁₎ protein [SEQ ID NO: 9 & 10] of the invention, one or more proteins derived from subtype H1N1 as described above, and an aluminum adjuvant.

5 Preferably, a combination vaccine of the invention will contain an immunogenic amount of the H3 fusion protein of the invention in combination with immunogenic amounts of influenza antigens derived from the other type A influenza virus subtypes, including
10 among others, H1, H2, H3, H4, H5, H6 and H7 as well as a type B fusion protein of the invention. Therefore, other preferred combination vaccines would include the NS1₍₁₋₄₁₎H3HA2₍₇₋₂₂₁₎ protein [SEQ ID NO: 11 & 12] in combination
15 with one or more additional influenza antigens derived from the type or subtype influenza viruses described above. Thus, the combination vaccine will protect against influenza infections caused by both type A and type B influenza viruses. Still other combination vaccine compositions will employ other proteins described
20 herein.

 The compositions of the present invention are advantageously made up in a dose unit form adapted for the desired mode of administration. Each unit will contain, at a minimum, a predetermined quantity of the
25 selected HA2 subunit protein, e.g., H3HA2 protein and/or

BHA2 protein, and adjuvant calculated to produce the desired therapeutic effect in optional association with a pharmaceutical diluent, carrier, or vehicle.

5 Dosage protocol can be optimized in accordance with standard vaccination practices. Typically, the vaccine will be administered intramuscularly, although other routes of administration may be used, such as intradermal. It is expected that an effective immunogenic amount of a protein, fusion protein or
10 combination of proteins of this invention for average adult humans is in the range of 1 to 1000 micrograms. Another desirable immunogenic amount ranges between 50 to 500 micrograms. Most preferably, the proteins of the invention are in admixture with the same amount or more
15 adjuvant to form a vaccine composition.

While the proteins described herein have been particularly developed for use in humans (e.g., the H3HA2 and BHA2 sequences), it is expected that due to species cross-reactivity, these vaccines will be useful in other
20 animals, particularly swine. Additionally, similar molecules can be prepared for equine and avian veterinary applications utilizing the HA2 proteins from other strains to which animals are susceptible. Combination vaccines for use in swine would preferably include
25 protections against both H1 and H3 viruses. Combination vaccines for use in equine would preferably include

protection against H3 and H7 viruses. Combination vaccines for use in avian species would preferably confer protection against H5 and H7 viruses. Appropriate dosages can be determined by one skilled in veterinary medicine.

It will be understood, however, that the specific effective immunogenic amount for any particular patient will depend upon a variety of factors including the age, general health, sex, and diet of the vaccinee; the species of the vaccinee; the time of administration; the route of administration; interactions with any other drugs being administered; and the degree of protection being sought.

The vaccine can be administered initially in late summer or early fall and can be readministered two to six weeks later, if desirable, or periodically as immunity wanes, for example, every two to five years. Of course, as stated above, the administration can be repeated at suitable intervals if necessary or desirable.

The following examples illustrate methods for preparing H3HA2 and BHA2 fusion proteins of the invention and demonstrate the subtype specific protection against heterologous virus induced upon vaccination with the H3HA2 proteins. These examples are illustrative only and do not limit the scope of the invention.

EXAMPLE 1 - PLASMID pMS3H3HA

Plasmid pFV88 contains the entire 221 amino acid length HA from A/Udorn, an H3 subtype virus [C. J. Lai et al, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, 77:210-214 (1980)], which HA nucleic acid sequence is illustrated in Fig. 1 [SEQ ID NO: 1]. This plasmid was cut with Pst I. The resulting 1900 bp fragment, which contains the entire HA (HA1 and HA2) fragment and some GC tailing, was then inserted into pUC18 [Bethesda Research Laboratories].

The resulting plasmid is termed pMS3 or pMS3H3HA.

EXAMPLE 2 - pPMG1

Plasmid pAPR801 is a pBR322-derived cloning vector which carries the NS1 coding region (A/PR/8/34). It is described by Young et al, in The Origin of Pandemic Influenza Viruses, ed. by W. G. Laver, Elsevier Science Publishing Co. (1983).

Plasmid pAS1 is a pBR322-derived expression vector which contains the P_L promoter, an N utilization site (to relieve transcriptional polarity effects in the presence of N protein) and the cII ribosome binding site including the cII translation initiation codon followed immediately by a BamHI site. It is described by Rosenberg et al, in Methods Enzymol., 101:123-138 (1983).

Plasmid pAS1ΔEH was prepared by deleting a non-essential EcoRI-HindIII region of pBR322 origin from pAS1. A 1236 base pair BamHI fragment of pAPR801, containing the NS1 coding region in 861 base pairs of viral origin and 375 base pairs of pBR322 origin, was inserted into the BamHI site of pAS1ΔEH. The resulting plasmid, pAS1ΔEH/801 expresses authentic NS1 (230 amino acids). The plasmid has an NcoI site between the codons for amino acids 81 and 82 and an NruI site 3' to the NS sequences. The BamHI site between amino acids 1 and 2 is retained.

Plasmid pMG27N, a pAS1 derivative [Mol. Cell. Biol., 5:1015-1024 (1985)], was cut with BamHI and SacI and ligated to a BamHI/NcoI fragment encoding the first 81 amino acids of NS1 from pAS1ΔEH801 and a synthetic DNA NcoI/SacI fragment of the following sequence:

SEQ ID NO: 35:

5'-CATGGATCATATGTTAACAGATATCAAGGCCTGACTGACTGAGAGCT-3'

SEQ ID NO: 36:

3'-CTAGTATACAATTGTCTATAGTTCCGGACTGACTGACTC-5'

The resulting plasmid, pMG1, allows the insertion of DNA fragments after the first 81 amino acids of NS1 in any of the three reading frames within the synthetic linker fragment followed by termination codons in all three reading frames.

EXAMPLE 3 - pMG1H3HA

Plasmid pMG1, described above in Example 2, was digested with NcoI and XbaI, releasing a 54 bp fragment, which was discarded. pMS3H3HA, described in Example 1
5 above, was digested with HhaI and XbaI, and a 701 bp fragment containing the coding sequence for the HA2 subunit of influenza strain A/Udorn (H3N2) was isolated, as illustrated in Fig. 1 [SEQ ID NO: 1].

Synthetic oligonucleotides were annealed to
10 generate an NcoI 5' overhang sequence (at the 5' end) and a HhaI 3' overhang sequence (at the 3' end). The sequence of these oligonucleotides is as follows:

SEQ ID NO: 37: 5'-CATGGGCGCCCATATGGGCATATTCGGCG-3'

SEQ ID NO: 38: 3'-CCGCGGGTATACCCGTATAAGCC -5'

15 The annealing reaction was performed as follows. The annealing mixture was made up of 2.5 µL each of 5' oligo (1.3 µg/µL), the 3' oligo (1.2 µg/µL), and added water (15 µL) to a final volume of 20 µL. The reaction tubes were then placed in 4 mL culture tubes containing water
20 which had been heated to 65°C for 10 minutes and allowed to cool down slowly. The tubes were then put on ice and used immediately for ligation.

This three part ligation generates pMG1H3HA2₍₁₋₂₂₁₎
[SEQ ID NO: 9] which codes for the first 81 amino acids
25 of NS1 fused to four amino acids donated from the linker and amino acids 1-221 of the HA2 subunit. This sequence

is illustrated in Fig. 2 [SEQ ID NO: 9 & 10]. This molecule is also designated NS1₍₁₋₈₁₎H3HA2₍₇₇₋₂₂₁₎ [SEQ ID NO: 9 & 10].

5 EXAMPLE 4 - NS1₍₁₋₈₁₎H3HA2₍₇₇₋₂₂₁₎ [SEQ ID NO: 11 & 12]

pMS3H3HA, described in Example 1 above, was digested with EcoRI and end-filled (Klenow).

Subsequently, the vector was digested with XbaI. A 487 bp fragment, which contains the coding sequence for amino acids 77-221 of the HA2 subunit, was isolated and ligated to the HpaI and XbaI sites of pMG1. The resulting vector codes for a fusion polypeptide containing amino acids 1-81 of NS1 fused to amino acids 77-221 of the HA2 subunit. This molecule has been termed NS1₍₁₋₈₁₎H3HA2₍₇₇₋₂₂₁₎ and is illustrated in Fig. 3 [SEQ ID NO: 11 & 12].

10
15

EXAMPLE 5 - pMG₄₂BLHA2

To derive a vector similar to pMG1 (described in Example 2), which contains the coding region for the first 42 amino acids of NS1 rather than the first 81 amino acids of NS1, pMG1 was digested with BamHI and NcoI and ligated to the BamHI/NcoI fragment encoding amino acids 2 to 42 of NS1 from pNS1₄₂TGF α . pNS1₄₂TGF α is derived when pAS1 Δ EH801 is cut with NcoI and SalI and ligated to a synthetic DNA encoding human TGF α as an

20

NcoI/SalI fragment. pNS1₄₂TGF α encodes a protein comprised of the first 42 amino acids of NS1 and the mature TGF α sequence. The NS1 portion of pNS1₄₂TGF α contains an amino acid change from Cys to Ser at amino acid #13.

The resulting plasmid, termed pMG₄A, was then modified to contain an alternative synthetic linker after the NS1₄₂ sequence with a different set of restriction enzyme sites within which to insert foreign DNA fragments into the three reading frames after the NS1₄₂. This linker has the following sequence:

SEQ ID NO: 39:

5'-CATGGATCATATGTTAACAAGTACTCGATATCAATGAGTGACTGAAGCT-3'

SEQ ID NO: 40:

3'-CTAGTATACAATTGTTTCATGAGCTATAGTTACTCACTGACT-5'

The resulting plasmid is called pMG₄B. This vector is needed to contain the neomycin phosphotransferase-1 (NPT-1) gene which confers kanamycin resistance.

As described in Shatzman and Rosenberg, Met. Enzymol., 152:661-673 (1987), pOTS207 is a pAS derived cloning vector which carries the kanamycin resistance gene from Tn903 [Berg et al, Microbiology, ed. D. Schlessinger, pp. 13-15, American Society for Microbiology (Washington, DC 1978); Nomura et al, The Single-Stranded DNA Phages, ed. D. Denhardt et al,

pp.467-472, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory (New York 1978); Castellazzi et al, Molecul. Gen. Genet., 117:211-218 (1982)]. It was constructed by digesting plasmid pUC8 [Yanisch-Perron et al, Gene, 33:103-119 (1985)],
5 with BamHI and ligated to a BcII fragment containing the kanamycin gene from Tn903. The resulting plasmid, pUC8-Kan, was digested with EcoRI and PstI, and the fragment containing the kanamycin gene was inserted between the EcoRI and PstI sites of pOTSV [Shatzman and Rosenberg,
10 cited above]. The resulting plasmid is pOTS207.

The pOTS207 was digested with EcoRI and PstI, and the 1467 bp fragment containing the kanamycin resistance gene was isolated. Synthetic oligonucleotides:

15 SEQ ID NO: 41: 5' AATTCGTACCTA 3'
SEQ ID NO: 42: 3' GCATGGATCTAG 5'

were made to link the NPT-1 gene to pMG42B vector. pMG₄₂B was digested with BglII and PstI. The EcoRI/PstI NPT-1 gene fragment and the synthetic oligo linker were ligated
20 to the digested pMG₄₂B. The resulting plasmid, pMG₄₂Kn allows fusions, in three different reading frames, to the NS_{1,42} gene, while allowing antibiotic selection with kanamycin.

Plasmid pBHA is a pBR322-derived vector,
25 containing the complete nucleotide sequence of the hemagglutinin (HA) gene of a type B influenza virus

(B/Lee/40). It is described by Krystal et al, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, 79:4900-4804 (1982). pBHA was digested with RsaI and a 813 bp fragment containing the HA subunit was isolated. This fragment was ligated into plasmid pMG₂Kn (described above) that had been digested with ScaI. During the cloning, a base (T) was deleted from the ScaI recognition site shifting the gene out of the reading frame. The vector was digested with NcoI, and filled-in using Klenow, putting the gene back into the reading frame.

The resulting construct, pMG₂BLHA2 [SEQ ID NO: 14], expresses a fusion polypeptide containing amino acids 1-42 of NS1 and 41-233 of the HA2 subunit. This construct contains the Cys to Ser change at amino acid #13 of the NS1 portion of the fusion peptide.

In preliminary studies with this construct, vaccinated laboratory mice demonstrated protection from challenge with type B influenza in the absence of neutralizing antibody for the virus.

EXAMPLE 6 - PREPARING SEED VIRUS AND RAISING ANTISERA

The seed virus, A/Udorn, was prepared according to the procedures described in P. Palese and J. Schulman, Virology, 57:227-237 (1974). Briefly, this technique is as follows.

Influenza virus strain A/Udorn was inoculated in 10-day old embryonated hen's eggs into the allantoic cavity. The eggs were incubated for 24-48 hours at 35°C then chilled at 4°C overnight. A portion of the eggshell over the airsac was removed and the allantoic fluid was aseptically removed using a 10-ml syringe. The fluid was centrifuged at low speed (3,000 x g) to remove particulates. This clarified supernatant was centrifuged at high speed using an SW28 Beckman rotor at 27,000 rpm (4°C for 90 minutes), resulting in the virus pellet. The virus was resuspended in 10 mM Tris (pH 7.5) containing 100 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA and repelleted as before. The virus was layered on 30-60% sucrose gradient in 1 mM EDTA (NTE) and spun for 3-5 hours at 25,000 rpm. The band in the middle of the tube was withdrawn, diluted in NTE and centrifuged at 27,000 rpm for 90 minutes. The pellet was suspended in phosphate-buffered saline (PBS). These viral particles were used as immunogens for preparation of antisera.

Antisera was prepared as follows. 100-200 micrograms of purified virus in complete Freund's adjuvant was injected into the subscapula of a New Zealand White rabbit. A second injection in incomplete Freund's adjuvant was done 4 weeks later, and the animals were bled 7-10 days later.

EXAMPLE 7 - EXPRESSION OF H3HA2 FUSION PROTEINSA. NS1₍₁₋₈₁₎H3HA2₍₁₋₂₂₁₎ [SEQ ID NO: 9 & 10]

The plasmid pMG1H3HA2₍₁₋₂₂₁₎ [SEQ ID NO: 9] was transfected into E. coli strain AR58 [SmithKline Beecham Pharmaceuticals]. Cultures were grown at 32°C to mid-log phase at which time cultures were shifted to 39.5°C for 2 hours. The E. coli cell pellets containing the recombinant polypeptide were then stored at -70°C until used.

Production of the NS1₍₁₋₈₁₎H3HA2₍₁₋₂₂₁₎ protein [SEQ ID NO: 10] was confirmed by Western blot analysis [Towbin et al, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A., 76:4350 (1979)] using antisera prepared against A/Udorn virus, as described in Example 5. A major immunoreactive species was found at a molecular weight of 35,050 daltons.

B. NS1₍₁₋₈₁₎H3HA2₍₇₋₂₂₁₎ [SEQ ID NO: 11 & 12]

The plasmid encoding the NS1₍₁₋₈₁₎H3HA2₍₇₋₂₂₁₎ peptide [SEQ ID NO: 11 & 12] was expressed as described in part A above. Production of this peptide was confirmed by Western blot analysis, as described above. A major immunoreactive species was found at a molecular weight of 26,697 daltons.

EXAMPLE 8 - PARTIAL PURIFICATION OF H3HA2 FUSION PROTEINS

E. coli cell pellets containing the recombinant polypeptides, prepared as described in Example 6, were stored at -70°C until used. E. coli cells were thawed and resuspended in lysis buffer A (50 mM Tris-HCl, 5% glycerol, 2 mM EDTA and 0.1 mM DTT, pH 8.0) at 10 mL/gram. The stirred suspension was then treated with lysozyme (0.2 mg/mL) for 45 minutes at room temperature and sonicated 2x for 2-3 minutes each time by a Sonicator. The resultant suspension was treated with 0.1% DOC for 60 minutes at 4°C, then centrifuged at 25,000 x g. The pellet was resuspended by sonication in 50 mM glycine pH 10.0, 5% glycerol, 2 mM EDTA and then the suspension was treated with 1% Triton X-100 [J.T. Baker Chemicals Co.] at 4°C for 60 minutes and centrifuged as above.

The resulting pellet was solubilized in 50 mM Tris, 8 M urea, pH 8.0 and centrifuged to remove any insoluble material. This solubilized material is dialyzed against 10 mM Tris, 1 mM EDTA, pH 8.0 followed, again, by centrifugation of insoluble material. The solubilized material is designated as "crude" material and is used in in vitro and in vivo mouse assays. At this point, the material is approximately 40 - 50% pure.

The "crude" material was electrophoresed through an SDS-PAGE and the appropriate H3HA2 protein bands were visualized by KCl staining according to D. Hager et al, Anal. Biochem, 109:76-86 (1980). The band was cut-out and eluted electrophoretically by the "S&S Elutrap Electro-Separation System" [Schleicher & Schuell]. The electro-eluting buffer was the Tris-glycine. A concentrated and eluted sample was obtained and exhaustively dialyzed against 0.01 M NH_4HCO_3 and 0.02% SDS [M. Hunkapiller et al, Method. Enzymol., 91:227-236 (1983)]. This sample was frozen quickly by dry ice and lyophilized to complete dryness. The lyophilized material was brought back into solution using 50 mM Tris pH 8.0 and used for in vitro and in vivo mouse assays.

Following this gel elution step, the protein is usually greater than 75% pure.

EXAMPLE 9 - H3 SUBTYPE HETEROLOGOUS PROTECTION ELICITED BY VACCINATION WITH NS1₍₁₋₈₁₎H3HA2₍₁₋₂₂₁₎ [SEQ ID NO: 10]

Mice (NIH/Swiss; 15 per group) were vaccinated subcutaneously with 50 or 10 μg NS1₍₁₋₈₁₎H3HA2₍₁₋₂₂₁₎ [SEQ ID NO: 9 & 10] in aluminum hydroxide on days 0 and 21. The mice were boosted intraperitoneally on day 42 with the protein without adjuvant. On day 47, mice were challenged intranasally with 2 - 3 LD_{50} doses of either A/PR/8/34 (H1N1) or A/HK/68 (H3N2) virus, and survival was

monitored through day 21. This represents a heterologous challenge (A/PR/8/34) and an H3 heterosubtypic challenge, since the NS1₍₁₋₈₁₎H3HA2₍₁₋₂₂₁₎ construct [SEQ ID NO: 9 & 10] was derived from A/Udorn/72 cDNA. The control group received adjuvant (CFA) only.

The results in Table 1 below show that survival in mice vaccinated with NS1₍₁₋₈₁₎H3HA2₍₁₋₂₂₁₎ [SEQ ID NO: 10] and challenged with A/HK/68 (80-93%) was significantly higher than in control mice which were injected with adjuvant only (26% survival). In contrast, vaccination with NS1₍₁₋₈₁₎H3HA2₍₁₋₂₂₁₎ [SEQ ID NO: 10] did not confer protection against challenge with A/PR/8/34, an H1N1 strain (0-26% survival). Thus protection elicited by NS1₍₁₋₈₁₎H3HA2₍₁₋₂₂₁₎ [SEQ ID NO: 10] is selective for antigenically diverse virus strains within the H3 subtype.

Likewise, vaccination with the D protein (NS1₍₁₋₈₁₎HA2₍₆₅₋₂₂₂₎ [SEQ ID NO: 18], derived from the H1N1 subtype) elicits protection from heterosubtypic challenge with H1N1, but not the H3N2 subtype [S Dillon et al, Nature, in press (1992); Mbawuike et al, Faseb. J., 5:A1362 (abs. 5749 and Table 1)]. These results in outbred mice also suggest that the response to the H1 and H3 proteins will not be restricted to a limited number of individuals with certain major histocompatibility alleles, and therefore the vaccine will be effective in a majority of individuals.

Table 1

Percent Survival After Challenge:

	Immunization	HA Subtype	A/PR/8/34 (H1N1)	A/HK/68 (H3N2)
5	50 μ g NS1 ₁₋₁₀₁ H3HA2 ₁₋₂₂₁	H3	26	80*
	10 μ g NS1 ₁₋₁₀₁ H3HA2 ₁₋₂₂₁	H3	0	93*
	10 μ g NS1 ₁₋₁₀₁ HA2 ₁₋₂₂₁	H1	67*	13
	A/HK/68 virus	H3	60*	100*
10	Control (A1 ⁺)	-	0	26

p \leq 0.05 vs. control in Fishers exact probability test

Vaccination of mice with live homologous

(A/HK/68) virus provided complete or partial protection, reflecting protection mediated by neutralizing antibody (homologous H3N2 challenge) and/or CTL (heterologous H1N1 challenge), respectively.

Duration of protective immunity was tested by immunizing mice subcutaneously with the recombinant influenza protein plus adjuvant on days 0 and 21. Some mice were also given an ip injection of the protein (without adjuvant) on day 42. Mice were challenged with A/HK/68 (H3N2) on day 47, four weeks after the second injection. Control mice were immunized as described above for Table 1, where an ip injection was given at week 6 (5 days prior to challenge). The results in Table 2 show that CB6F₁ mice (15 per group) were significantly protected when challenged with the A/HK/68 heterologous H3 virus strain 5-28 days after the last injection.

Table 2

	Dose (μ g per injection) of NS1 ₁₋₈ H3HA2 ₁₋₂₂	Adjuvant	Injection Schedule	Percent Survival
5	50 μ g	CFA	0,21	86*
	50 μ g	CFA	0,21,42	100*
	0 μ g	CFA	0,21	6
10	50 μ g	Al ⁺ ₃	0,21	93*
	50 μ g	Al ⁺ ₃	0,21,42	93*
	0 μ g	Al ⁺ ₃	0,21	0

*p \leq 0.05 v. control in Fisher's exact probability test

EXAMPLE 10 - TYPE A CROSS-PROTECTION WITH D AND H3C13
PROTEIN

15 Mice (CB6F₁) were divided randomly into six groups, with fifteen in each group. The mice were injected subcutaneously with proteins in Al⁺₃ (100 μ g) on days 0 and 21, and then were challenged with 2-3 LD₅₀ doses of virus on day 49. Survival was monitored through

20 day 21. The results of this study are illustrated in Table 3 below. For convenience, NS1₁₋₈H3HA2₁₋₂₂ is referred to as H3C13 in the table below.

Table 3

Percent Survival After Challenge with:

	<u>Immunization</u>	<u>HA Subtype</u>	<u>A/PR/8/34 (H1N1)</u>	<u>A/HK/68 (H3N2)</u>
5				
	1. 50 µg H3C13	H3	73°	73°
	50 µg D	H1		
10	2. 10 µg H3C13	H3	67°	100°
	10 µg D	H1		
	3. 1 µg H3C13	H3	86°	73°
	1 µg D	H1		
	4. 50 µg H3C13	H3	7	73°
	5. 50 µg D	H1	47**	7
15	6. Al ⁺ control	-	7	0

* $p \leq 0.001$ vs. control group** $p \leq 0.03$ vs. control group

This data demonstrates that mice immunized with a mixture of the D protein and H3C13 protein in aluminum adjuvant were protected against challenge with either A/PR/8/34 (H1) or A/HK/68 (H3) virus. In contrast, mice immunized with the D protein were protected against H1 but not H3 challenge. Likewise, mice immunized with the H3C13 protein were protected against the H3 but not the H1 challenge. Therefore, the combination of the D protein and the H3C13 proteins elicited protection against the currently circulating subtypes of influenza A virus. Thus, this combination represents a subtype cross-protective vaccine.

Numerous modifications and variations of the present invention are included in the above-identified specification and are expected to be obvious to one of skill in the art. Such modifications and alterations to
5 the compositions and processes of the present invention are believed to be encompassed in the scope of the claims appended hereto.

SEQUENCE LISTING

(1) GENERAL INFORMATION:

- (i) APPLICANT: Shatzman, Allan
Scott, Miller
Dillon, Susan B.
- (ii) TITLE OF INVENTION: Vaccinal Polypeptides
- (iii) NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 42
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 - (F) ZIP: 19406-2799
- (v) COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
 - (A) MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
 - (B) COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
 - (C) OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
 - (D) SOFTWARE: PatentIn Release #1.0, Version #1.25
- (vi) CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
 - (A) APPLICATION NUMBER: US
 - (B) FILING DATE:
 - (C) CLASSIFICATION:
- (viii) ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
 - (A) NAME: Canter, Carol G.
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 - (C) REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: SBC14224-8
- (ix) TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:1:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 666 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)
- (ix) FEATURE:
 - (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
 - (B) LOCATION: 1..663

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:1:

GGC ATA TTC GGC GCA ATA GCA GGT TTC ATA GAA AAT GGT TGG GAG GGA Gly Ile Phe Gly Ala Ile Ala Gly Phe Ile Glu Asn Gly Trp Glu Gly 1 5 10 15	48
ATG ATA GAC GGT TGG TAC GGT TTC AGG CAT CAA AAT TCT GAG GGC ACA Met Ile Asp Gly Trp Tyr Gly Phe Arg His Gln Asn Ser Glu Gly Thr 20 25 30	96
GGA CAA GCA GCA GAT CTT AAA AGC ACT CAA GCA GCC ATC GAC CAA ATC Gly Gln Ala Ala Asp Leu Lys Ser Thr Gln Ala Ala Ile Asp Gln Ile 35 40 45	144
AAT GGG AAA CTG AAT AGG GTA ATC GAG AAG ACG AAC GAG AAA TTC CAT Asn Gly Lys Leu Asn Arg Val Ile Glu Lys Thr Asn Glu Lys Phe His 50 55 60	192
CAA ATC GAA AAG GAA TTC TCA GAA GTA GAA GGG AGA ATT CAG GAC CTC Gln Ile Glu Lys Glu Phe Ser Glu Val Glu Gly Arg Ile Gln Asp Leu 65 70 75 80	240
GAG AAA TAC GTT GAA GAC ACT AAA ATA GAT CTC TGG TCT TAC AAT GCG Glu Lys Tyr Val Glu Asp Thr Lys Ile Asp Leu Trp Ser Tyr Asn Ala 85 90 95	288
GAG CTT CTT GTC GCT CTG GAG AAC CAA CAT ACA ATT GAT CTG ACT GAC Glu Leu Leu Val Ala Leu Glu Asn Gln His Thr Ile Asp Leu Thr Asp 100 105 110	336
TCG GAA ATG AAC AAA CTG TTT GAA AAA ACA AGG AGG CAA CTG AGG GAA Ser Glu Met Asn Lys Leu Phe Glu Lys Thr Arg Arg Gln Leu Arg Glu 115 120 125	384
AAT GCT GAG GAC ATG GGC AAT GGT TGC TTC AAA ATA TAC CAC AAA TGT Asn Ala Glu Asp Met Gly Asn Gly Cys Phe Lys Ile Tyr His Lys Cys 130 135 140	432
GAC AAT GCT TGC ATA GGG TCA ATC AGA AAT GGG ACT TAT GAC CAT GAT Asp Asn Ala Cys Ile Gly Ser Ile Arg Asn Gly Thr Tyr Asp His Asp 145 150 155 160	480
GTA TAC AGA GAC GAA GCA TTA AAC AAC CGG TTT CAG ATC AAA GGT GTT Val Tyr Arg Asp Glu Ala Leu Asn Asn Arg Phe Gln Ile Lys Gly Val 165 170 175	528
GAA CTG AAG TCA GGA TAC AAA GAC TGG ATC CTG TGG ATT TCC TTT GCC Glu Leu Lys Ser Gly Tyr Lys Asp Trp Ile Leu Trp Ile Ser Phe Ala 180 185 190	576
ATA TCA TGC TTT TTG CTT TGT GTT GTT TTG CTG GGG TTC ATC ATG TGG Ile Ser Cys Phe Leu Leu Cys Val Val Leu Leu Gly Phe Ile Met Trp 195 200 205	624
GCC TGC CAG AAA GGC AAC ATT AGG TGC AAC ATT TGC ATT TGA Ala Cys Gln Lys Gly Asn Ile Arg Cys Asn Ile Cys Ile 210 215 220	666

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:2:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 221 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:2:

Gly Ile Phe Gly Ala Ile Ala Gly Phe Ile Glu Asn Gly Trp Glu Gly
 1 5 10 15
 Met Ile Asp Gly Trp Tyr Gly Phe Arg His Gln Asn Ser Glu Gly Thr
 20 25 30
 Gly Gln Ala Ala Asp Leu Lys Ser Thr Gln Ala Ala Ile Asp Gln Ile
 35 40 45
 Asn Gly Lys Leu Asn Arg Val Ile Glu Lys Thr Asn Glu Lys Phe His
 50 55 60
 Gln Ile Glu Lys Glu Phe Ser Glu Val Glu Gly Arg Ile Gln Asp Leu
 65 70 75 80
 Glu Lys Tyr Val Glu Asp Thr Lys Ile Asp Leu Trp Ser Tyr Asn Ala
 85 90 95
 Glu Leu Leu Val Ala Leu Glu Asn Gln His Thr Ile Asp Leu Thr Asp
 100 105 110
 Ser Glu Met Asn Lys Leu Phe Glu Lys Thr Arg Arg Gln Leu Arg Glu
 115 120 125
 Asn Ala Glu Asp Met Gly Asn Gly Cys Phe Lys Ile Tyr His Lys Cys
 130 135 140
 Asp Asn Ala Cys Ile Gly Ser Ile Arg Asn Gly Thr Tyr Asp His Asp
 145 150 155 160
 Val Tyr Arg Asp Glu Ala Leu Asn Asn Arg Phe Gln Ile Lys Gly Val
 165 170 175
 Glu Leu Lys Ser Gly Tyr Lys Asp Trp Ile Leu Trp Ile Ser Phe Ala
 180 185 190
 Ile Ser Cys Phe Leu Leu Cys Val Val Leu Leu Gly Phe Ile Met Trp
 195 200 205
 Ala Cys Gln Lys Gly Asn Ile Arg Cys Asn Ile Cys Ile
 210 215 220

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:3:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 666 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
- (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
- (B) LOCATION: 1..663

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:3:

GGC ATA TTC GGC GCA ATA GCA GGT TTC ATA GAA AAT GGT TGG GAG GGA	48
Gly Ile Phe Gly Ala Ile Ala Gly Phe Ile Glu Asn Gly Trp Glu Gly	
1 5 10 15	
ATG ATA GAC GGT TGG TAC GGT TTC AGG CAT CAA AAT TCC GAG GGC ACA	96
Met Ile Asp Gly Trp Tyr Gly Phe Arg His Gln Asn Ser Glu Gly Thr	
20 25 30	
GGA CAA GCA GCA GAT CTT AAA AGC ACT CAA GCA GCC ATC GAC CAA ATC	144
Gly Gln Ala Ala Asp Leu Lys Ser Thr Gln Ala Ala Ile Asp Gln Ile	
35 40 45	
AAT GGG AAA CTG AAT AGG GTA ATC GAG AAG ACG AAC GAG AAA TTC CAT	192
Asn Gly Lys Leu Asn Arg Val Ile Glu Lys Thr Asn Glu Lys Phe His	
50 55 60	
CAA ATC GAA AAG GAA TTC TCA GAA GTA GAA GGG AGA ATT CAG GAC CTC	240
Gln Ile Glu Lys Glu Phe Ser Glu Val Glu Gly Arg Ile Gln Asp Leu	
65 70 75 80	
GAG AAA TAC GTT GAA GAC ACT AAA ATA GAT CTC TGG TCT TAC AAT GCG	288
Glu Lys Tyr Val Glu Asp Thr Lys Ile Asp Leu Trp Ser Tyr Asn Ala	
85 90 95	
GAG CTT CTT GTC GCT CTC GAG AAC CAA CAT ACA ATT GAT CTG ACT GAC	336
Glu Leu Leu Val Ala Leu Glu Asn Gln His Thr Ile Asp Leu Thr Asp	
100 105 110	
TCG GAA ATG AAC AAA CTG TTT GAA AAA ACA AGG AGG CAA CTG AGG GAA	384
Ser Glu Met Asn Lys Leu Phe Glu Lys Thr Arg Arg Gln Leu Arg Glu	
115 120 125	
AAT GCT GAG GAC ATG GGC AAT GGT TGC TTC AAA ATA TAC CAC AAA TGT	432
Asn Ala Glu Asp Met Gly Asn Gly Cys Phe Lys Ile Tyr His Lys Cys	
130 135 140	
GAC AAT GCT TGC ATA GGG TCA ATC AGA AAT GGG ACT TAT GAC CAT GAT	480
Asp Asn Ala Cys Ile Gly Ser Ile Arg Asn Gly Thr Tyr Asp His Asp	
145 150 155 160	
GTA TAC AGA GAC GAA GCA TTA AAC AAC CGG TTT CAG ATC AAA GGT GTT	528
Val Tyr Arg Asp Glu Ala Leu Asn Asn Arg Phe Gln Ile Lys Gly Val	
165 170 175	
GAA CTG AAG TCA GGA TAC AAA GAC TGG ATC CTG TGG ATT TCC TTT GCC	576
Glu Leu Lys Ser Gly Tyr Lys Asp Trp Ile Leu Trp Ile Ser Phe Ala	
180 185 190	

ATA TCA TGC TTT TTG CTT TGT GTT GTT TTG CTG GGG TTC ATC ATG TGG 624
 Ile Ser Cys Phe Leu Leu Cys Val Val Leu Leu Gly Phe Ile Met Trp
 195 200 205

GCC TGC CAA AAA GGC AAC ATT AGG TGC AAC ATT TGC ATT TGA 666
 Ala Cys Gln Lys Gly Asn Ile Arg Cys Asn Ile Cys Ile
 210 215 220

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:4:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 221 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:4:

Gly Ile Phe Gly Ala Ile Ala Gly Phe Ile Glu Asn Gly Trp Glu Gly
 1 5 10 15
 Met Ile Asp Gly Trp Tyr Gly Phe Arg His Gln Asn Ser Glu Gly Thr
 20 25 30
 Gly Gln Ala Ala Asp Leu Lys Ser Thr Gln Ala Ala Ile Asp Gln Ile
 35 40 45
 Asn Gly Lys Leu Asn Arg Val Ile Glu Lys Thr Asn Glu Lys Phe His
 50 55 60
 Gln Ile Glu Lys Glu Phe Ser Glu Val Glu Gly Arg Ile Gln Asp Leu
 65 70 75 80
 Glu Lys Tyr Val Glu Asp Thr Lys Ile Asp Leu Trp Ser Tyr Asn Ala
 85 90 95
 Glu Leu Leu Val Ala Leu Glu Asn Gln His Thr Ile Asp Leu Thr Asp
 100 105 110
 Ser Glu Met Asn Lys Leu Phe Glu Lys Thr Arg Arg Gln Leu Arg Glu
 115 120 125
 Asn Ala Glu Asp Met Gly Asn Gly Cys Phe Lys Ile Tyr His Lys Cys
 130 135 140
 Asp Asn Ala Cys Ile Gly Ser Ile Arg Asn Gly Thr Tyr Asp His Asp
 145 150 155 160
 Val Tyr Arg Asp Glu Ala Leu Asn Asn Arg Phe Gln Ile Lys Gly Val
 165 170 175
 Glu Leu Lys Ser Gly Tyr Lys Asp Trp Ile Leu Trp Ile Ser Phe Ala
 180 185 190
 Ile Ser Cys Phe Leu Leu Cys Val Val Leu Leu Gly Phe Ile Met Trp
 195 200 205
 Ala Cys Gln Lys Gly Asn Ile Arg Cys Asn Ile Cys Ile
 210 215 220

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:5:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 670 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
 (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
 (B) LOCATION: 1..666

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:5:

GGT CTA TTT GGA GCC ATT GCC GGT TTT ATT GAA GCG GGA TGG ACT GGA	48
Gly Leu Phe Gly Ala Ile Ala Gly Phe Ile Glu Gly Gly Trp Thr Gly	
1 5 10 15	
ATG ATA GAT GGA TGG TAC GGT TAT CAT CAT CAG AAT GAA CAG GGA TCA	96
Met Ile Asp Gly Trp Tyr Gly Tyr His His Gln Asn Glu Gln Gly Ser	
20 25 30	
GGC TAT GCA GCG GAT CAA AAA AGC ACA CAA AAT GCC ATT AAC GGG ATT	144
Gly Tyr Ala Ala Asp Gln Lys Ser Thr Gln Asn Ala Ile Asn Gly Ile	
35 40 45	
ACA AAC AAG GTG AAC TCT GTT ATC GAG AAA ATG AAC ATT CAA TTC ACA	192
Thr Asn Lys Val Asn Ser Val Ile Glu Lys Met Asn Ile Gln Phe Thr	
50 55 60	
GCT GTG GGT AAA GAA TTC AAC AAA TTA GAA AAA AGG ATG GAA AAT TTA	240
Ala Val Gly Lys Glu Phe Asn Lys Leu Glu Lys Arg Met Glu Asn Leu	
65 70 75 80	
AAT AAA AAA GTT GAT GAT GGA TTT CTG GAC ATT TGG ACA TAT AAT GCA	288
Asn Lys Lys Val Asp Asp Gly Phe Leu Asp Ile Trp Thr Tyr Asn Ala	
85 90 95	
GAA TTG TTA GTT CTA CTG GAA AAT GAA AGG ACT CTG GAT TTC CAT GAC	336
Glu Leu Leu Val Leu Leu Glu Asn Glu Arg Thr Leu Asp Phe His Asp	
100 105 110	
TCA AAT GTG AAG AAT CTG TAT GAG AAA GTA AAA AGC CAA TTA AAG AAT	384
Ser Asn Val Lys Asn Leu Tyr Glu Lys Val Lys Ser Gln Leu Lys Asn	
115 120 125	
AAT GCC AAA GAA ATC GGA AAT GGA TGT TTT GAG TTC TAC CAC AAG TGT	432
Asn Ala Lys Glu Ile Gly Asn Gly Cys Phe Glu Phe Tyr His Lys Cys	
130 135 140	
GAC AAT GAA TGC ATG GAA AGT GTA AGA AAT GGG ACT TAT GAT TAT CCC	480
Asp Asn Glu Cys Met Glu Ser Val Arg Asn Gly Thr Tyr Asp Tyr Pro	
145 150 155 160	
AAA TAT TCA GAA GAG TCA AAG TTG AAC AGG GAA AAG GTA GAT GGA GTG	528
Lys Tyr Ser Glu Glu Ser Lys Leu Asn Arg Glu Lys Val Asp Gly Val	
165 170 175	

AAA TTG GAA TCA ATG GGG ATC TAT CAG ATT CTG GCG ATC TAC TCA ACT	576
Lys Leu Glu Ser Met Gly Ile Tyr Gln Ile Leu Ala Ile Tyr Ser Thr	
180 185 190	
GTC GCC AGT TCA CTG GTG CTT TTG GTC TCC CTG GGG GCA ATC AGT TTC	624
Val Ala Ser Ser Leu Val Leu Leu Val Ser Leu Gly Ala Ile Ser Phe	
195 200 205	
TGG ATG TGT TCT AAT GGA TCT TTG CAG TGC AGA ATA TGC ATC	666
Trp Met Cys Ser Asn Gly Ser Leu Gln Cys Arg Ile Cys Ile	
210 215 220	
TGAG	670

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:6:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 222 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:6:

Gly	Leu	Phe	Gly	Ala	Ile	Ala	Gly	Phe	Ile	Glu	Gly	Gly	Trp	Thr	Gly	1	5	10	15
Met	Ile	Asp	Gly	Trp	Tyr	Gly	Tyr	His	His	Gln	Asn	Glu	Gln	Gly	Ser	20	25	30	
Gly	Tyr	Ala	Ala	Asp	Gln	Lys	Ser	Thr	Gln	Asn	Ala	Ile	Asn	Gly	Ile	35	40	45	
Thr	Asn	Lys	Val	Asn	Ser	Val	Ile	Glu	Lys	Met	Asn	Ile	Gln	Phe	Thr	50	55	60	
Ala	Val	Gly	Lys	Glu	Phe	Asn	Lys	Leu	Glu	Lys	Arg	Met	Glu	Asn	Leu	65	70	75	80
Asn	Lys	Lys	Val	Asp	Asp	Gly	Phe	Leu	Asp	Ile	Trp	Thr	Tyr	Asn	Ala	85	90	95	
Glu	Leu	Leu	Val	Leu	Leu	Glu	Asn	Glu	Arg	Thr	Leu	Asp	Phe	His	Asp	100	105	110	
Ser	Asn	Val	Lys	Asn	Leu	Tyr	Glu	Lys	Val	Lys	Ser	Gln	Leu	Lys	Asn	115	120	125	
Asn	Ala	Lys	Glu	Ile	Gly	Asn	Gly	Cys	Phe	Glu	Phe	Tyr	His	Lys	Cys	130	135	140	
Asp	Asn	Glu	Cys	Met	Glu	Ser	Val	Arg	Asn	Gly	Thr	Tyr	Asp	Tyr	Pro	145	150	155	160
Lys	Tyr	Ser	Glu	Glu	Ser	Lys	Leu	Asn	Arg	Glu	Lys	Val	Asp	Gly	Val	165	170	175	

Lys Leu Glu Ser Met Gly Ile Tyr Gln Ile Leu Ala Ile Tyr Ser Thr
 180 185 190
 Val Ala Ser Ser Leu Val Leu Leu Val Ser Leu Gly Ala Ile Ser Phe
 195 200 205
 Trp Met Cys Ser Asn Gly Ser Leu Gln Cys Arg Ile Cys Ile
 210 215 220

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:7:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 670 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
- (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
- (B) LOCATION: 1..670

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:7:

GGCATATTCG GCGCAATAGC AGGTTTCATA GAAAATGGTT GGGAGGGAAT GATAGACGGT 60
 TGGTACGGTT TCAGGCATCA AAATTCNGAG GGCACAGGAC AAGCAGCAGA TCTTAAAGC 120
 ACTCAAGCAG CCATCGACCA AATCAATGGG AAATGAATA GGGTAATCCA GAAGACGAAC 180
 GAGAAATTCC ATCAAATCGA AAAGGAATTC TCAGAAGTAG AAGGGAGAAT TCAGGACCTC 240
 GAGAAATACG TTGAAGACAC TAAATAGAT CTCTGGTCTT ACAATGCCGA GCTTCTTGTC 300
 GCTCTGGAGA ACCAACATAC AATTGATCTG ACTGACTCGG AAATGAACAA ACTGTTTGAA 360
 AAAACAAGGA GGCAACTGAG GGAAAATGCT GAGGACATGG GCAATGGTTC CTTCAAATA 420
 TACCACAAAT GTGACAATGC TTGCATAGGG TCAATCAGAA ATGGGACTTA TGACCATGAT 480
 GTATACAGAG ACGAAGCATT AAACAACCGG TTTCAGATCA AAGGTGTTGA ACTGAAGTCA 540
 GGATACAAAG ACTGGATCCT GTGGATTTC TTTGCCATAT CATGCTTTT GCTTTGTGTT 600
 GTTTGTCTGG GGTTCATCAN NNTGTGGGCC TGCCANAAAG GCAACATTAG GTGCAACATT 660
 TGCATTGAN 670

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:8:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 222 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: unknown
- (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:8:

Gly Ile Phe Gly Ala Ile Ala Gly Phe Ile Glu Asn Gly Trp Glu Gly
 1 5 10 15
 Met Ile Asp Gly Trp Tyr Gly Phe Arg His Gln Asn Ser Glu Gly Thr
 20 25 30
 Gly Gln Ala Ala Asp Leu Lys Ser Thr Gln Ala Ala Ile Asp Gln Ile
 35 40 45
 Asn Gly Lys Leu Asn Arg Val Ile Glu Lys Thr Asn Glu Lys Phe His
 50 55 60
 Gln Ile Glu Lys Glu Phe Ser Glu Val Glu Gly Arg Ile Gln Asp Leu
 65 70 75 80
 Glu Lys Tyr Val Glu Asp Thr Lys Ile Asp Leu Trp Ser Tyr Asn Ala
 85 90 95
 Glu Leu Leu Val Ala Leu Glu Asn Gln His Thr Ile Asp Leu Thr Asp
 100 105 110
 Ser Glu Met Asn Lys Leu Phe Glu Lys Thr Arg Arg Gln Leu Arg Glu
 115 120 125
 Asn Ala Glu Asp Met Gly Asn Gly Cys Phe Lys Ile Tyr His Lys Cys
 130 135 140
 Asp Asn Ala Cys Ile Gly Ser Ile Arg Asn Gly Thr Tyr Asp His Asp
 145 150 155 160
 Val Tyr Arg Asp Glu Ala Leu Asn Asn Arg Phe Gln Ile Lys Gly Val
 165 170 175
 Glu Leu Lys Ser Xaa Gly Tyr Lys Asp Trp Ile Leu Trp Ile Ser Phe
 180 185 190
 Ala Ile Ser Cys Phe Leu Leu Cys Val Val Leu Leu Gly Phe Ile Met
 195 200 205
 Trp Ala Cys Gln Lys Gly Asn Ile Arg Cys Asn Ile Cys Ile
 210 215 220

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:9:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 918 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
- (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
- (B) LOCATION: 1..918

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:9:

ATG GAT CCA AAC ACT GTG TCA AGC TTT CAG GTA GAT TGC TTT CTT TGG	48
Met Asp Pro Asn Thr Val Ser Ser Phe Gln Val Asp Cys Phe Leu Trp	
1 5 10 15	
CAT GTC CGC AAA CGA GTT GCA GAC CAA GAA CTA GGT GAT GCC CCA TTC	96
His Val Arg Lys Arg Val Ala Asp Gln Glu Leu Gly Asp Ala Pro Phe	
20 25 30	
CTT GAT CGG CTT CGC CGA GAT CAG AAA TCC CTA AGA GGA AGG GGC AGC	144
Leu Asp Arg Leu Arg Arg Asp Gln Lys Ser Leu Arg Gly Arg Gly Ser	
35 40 45	
ACT CTT GGT CTG GAC ATC GAG ACA GCC ACA CGT GCT CGA AAG CAG ATA	192
Thr Leu Gly Leu Asp Ile Glu Thr Ala Thr Arg Ala Gly Lys Gln Ile	
50 55 60	
GTG GAG CGG ATT CTG AAA GAA GAA TCC GAT GAG GCA CTT AAA ATG ACC	240
Val Glu Arg Ile Leu Lys Glu Glu Ser Asp Glu Ala Leu Lys Met Thr	
65 70 75 80	
ATG GGC GCC CAT ATG GGC ATA TTC GGC GCA ATA GCA GGT TTC ATA GAA	288
Met Gly Ala His Met Gly Ile Phe Gly Ala Ile Ala Gly Phe Ile Glu	
85 90 95	
AAT GGT TGG GAG GGA ATG ATA GAC GGT TGG TAC GGT TTC AGG CAT CAA	336
Asn Gly Trp Glu Gly Met Ile Asp Gly Trp Tyr Gly Phe Arg His Gln	
100 105 110	
AAT TCT GAG GGC ACA GGA CAA GCA GCA GAT CTT AAA AGC ACT CAA GCA	384
Asn Ser Glu Gly Thr Gly Gln Ala Ala Asp Leu Lys Ser Thr Gln Ala	
115 120 125	
GCC ATC GAC CAA ATC AAT GGG AAA CTG AAT AGG GTA ATC GAG AAG ACG	432
Ala Ile Asp Gln Ile Asn Gly Lys Leu Asn Arg Val Ile Glu Lys Thr	
130 135 140	
AAC GAG AAA TTC CAT CAA ATC GAA AAG GAA TTC TCA GAA GTA GAA GGG	480
Asn Glu Lys Phe His Gln Ile Glu Lys Glu Phe Ser Glu Val Glu Gly	
145 150 155 160	
AGA ATT CAG GAC CTC GAG AAA TAC GTT GAA GAC ACT AAA ATA GAT CTC	528
Arg Ile Gln Asp Leu Glu Lys Tyr Val Glu Asp Thr Lys Ile Asp Leu	
165 170 175	
TGG TCT TAC AAT GCG GAG CTT CTT GTC GCT CTG GAG AAC CAA CAT ACA	576
Trp Ser Tyr Asn Ala Glu Leu Leu Val Ala Leu Glu Asn Gln His Thr	
180 185 190	
ATT GAT CTG ACT GAC TCG GAA ATG AAC AAA CTG TTT GAA AAA ACA AGG	624
Ile Asp Leu Thr Asp Ser Glu Met Asn Lys Leu Phe Glu Lys Thr Arg	
195 200 205	
AGC CAA CTG AGG GAA AAT GCT GAG GAC ATG GGC AAT GGT TGC TTC AAA	672
Arg Gln Leu Arg Glu Asn Ala Glu Asp Met Gly Asn Gly Cys Phe Lys	
210 215 220	
ATA TAC CAC AAA TGT GAC AAT GCT TGC ATA GGG TCA ATC AGA AAT GGG	720
Ile Tyr His Lys Cys Asp Asn Ala Cys Ile Gly Ser Ile Arg Asn Gly	
225 230 235 240	

ACT TAT GAC CAT GAT GTA TAC AGA GAC GAA GCA TTA AAC AAC CGG TTT Thr Tyr Asp His Asp Val Tyr Arg Asp Glu Ala Leu Asn Asn Arg Phe 245 250 255	768
CAG ATC AAA GGT GTT GAA CTG AAG TCA GGA TAC AAA GAC TGG ATC CTG Gln Ile Lys Gly Val Glu Leu Lys Ser Gly Tyr Lys Asp Trp Ile Leu 260 265 270	816
TGG ATT TCC TTT GCC ATA TCA TGC TTT TTG CTT TGT GTT GTT TTG CTG Trp Ile Ser Phe Ala Ile Ser Cys Phe Leu Leu Cys Val Val Leu Leu 275 280 285	864
GGG TTC ATC ATG TGG GCC TGC CAA AAA GGC AAC ATT AGG TGC AAC ATT Gly Phe Ile Met Trp Ala Cys Gln Lys Gly Asn Ile Arg Cys Asn Ile 290 295 300	912
TGC ATT Cys Ile 305	918

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:10:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 306 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:10:

Met Asp Pro Asn Thr Val Ser Ser Phe Gln Val Asp Cys Phe Leu Trp 1 5 10 15
His Val Arg Lys Arg Val Ala Asp Gln Glu Leu Gly Asp Ala Pro Phe 20 25 30
Leu Asp Arg Leu Arg Arg Asp Gln Lys Ser Leu Arg Gly Arg Gly Ser 35 40 45
Thr Leu Gly Leu Asp Ile Glu Thr Ala Thr Arg Ala Gly Lys Gln Ile 50 55 60
Val Glu Arg Ile Leu Lys Glu Glu Ser Asp Glu Ala Leu Lys Met Thr 65 70 75 80
Met Gly Ala His Met Gly Ile Phe Gly Ala Ile Ala Gly Phe Ile Glu 85 90 95
Asn Gly Trp Glu Gly Met Ile Asp Gly Trp Tyr Gly Phe Arg His Gln 100 105 110
Asn Ser Glu Gly Thr Gly Gln Ala Ala Asp Leu Lys Ser Thr Gln Ala 115 120 125
Ala Ile Asp Gln Ile Asn Gly Lys Leu Asn Arg Val Ile Glu Lys Thr 130 135 140
Asn Glu Lys Phe His Gln Ile Glu Lys Glu Phe Ser Glu Val Glu Gly 145 150 155 160

Arg Ile Gln Asp Leu Glu Lys Tyr Val Glu Asp Thr Lys Ile Asp Leu
 165 170 175
 Trp Ser Tyr Asn Ala Glu Leu Leu Val Ala Leu Glu Asn Gln His Thr
 180 185 190
 Ile Asp Leu Thr Asp Ser Glu Met Asn Lys Leu Phe Glu Lys Thr Arg
 195 200 205
 Arg Gln Leu Arg Glu Asn Ala Glu Asp Met Gly Asn Gly Cys Phe Lys
 210 215 220
 Ile Tyr His Lys Cys Asp Asn Ala Cys Ile Gly Ser Ile Arg Asn Gly
 225 230 235 240
 Thr Tyr Asp His Asp Val Tyr Arg Asp Glu Ala Leu Asn Asn Arg Phe
 245 250 255
 Gln Ile Lys Gly Val Glu Leu Lys Ser Gly Tyr Lys Asp Trp Ile Leu
 260 265 270
 Trp Ile Ser Phe Ala Ile Ser Cys Phe Leu Leu Cys Val Val Leu Leu
 275 280 285
 Gly Phe Ile Met Trp Ala Cys Gln Lys Gly Asn Ile Arg Cys Asn Ile
 290 295 300
 Cys Ile
 305

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:11:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 690 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
- (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
- (B) LOCATION: 1..690

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:11:

ATG GAT CCA AAC ACT GTG TCA AGC TTT CAG GTA GAT TGC TTT CTT TGG	48
Met Asp Pro Asn Thr Val Ser Ser Phe Gln Val Asp Cys Phe Leu Trp	
1 5 10 15	
CAT GTC CGC AAA CGA GTT GCA GAC CAA GAA CTA GGT GAT GCC CCA TTC	96
His Val Arg Lys Arg Val Ala Asp Gln Glu Leu Gly Asp Ala Pro Phe	
20 25 30	
CTT GAT CGG CTT CGC CGA GAT CAG AAA TCC CTA AGA GGA AGG GGC AGC	144
Leu Asp Arg Leu Arg Arg Asp Gln Lys Ser Leu Arg Gly Arg Gly Ser	
35 40 45	
ACT CTT GGT CTG GAC ATC GAG ACA GCC ACA CGT GCT GGA AAG CAG ATA	192
Thr Leu Gly Leu Asp Ile Glu Thr Ala Thr Arg Ala Gly Lys Gln Ile	
50 55 60	

GTG GAG CGG ATT CTG AAA GAA GAA TCC GAT GAG GCA CTT AAA ATG ACC Val Glu Arg Ile Leu Lys Glu Glu Ser Asp Glu Ala Leu Lys Met Thr 65 70 75 80	240
ATG GAT CAT ATG TTA ATT CAG GAC CTC GAG AAA TAC GTT GAA GAC ACT Met Asp His Met Leu Ile Gln Asp Leu Glu Lys Tyr Val Glu Asp Thr 85 90 95	288
AAA ATA GAT CTC TGG TCT TAC AAT GCG GAG CTT CTT GTC GCT CTG GAG Lys Ile Asp Leu Trp Ser Tyr Asn Ala Glu Leu Leu Val Ala Leu Glu 100 105 110	336
AAC CAA CAT ACA ATT GAT CTG ACT GAC TCG GAA ATG AAC AAA CTG TTT Asn Gln His Thr Ile Asp Leu Thr Asp Ser Glu Met Asn Lys Leu Phe 115 120 125	384
GAA AAA ACA AGG AGG CAA CTG AGG GAA AAT GCT GAG GAC ATG GGC AAT Glu Lys Thr Arg Arg Gln Leu Arg Glu Asn Ala Glu Asp Met Gly Asn 130 135 140	432
GGT TGC TTC AAA ATA TAC CAC AAA TGT GAC AAT GCT TGC ATA GGG TCA Gly Cys Phe Lys Ile Tyr His Lys Cys Asp Asn Ala Cys Ile Gly Ser 145 150 155 160	480
ATC AGA AAT GGG ACT TAT GAC CAT GAT GTA TAC AGA GAC GAA GCA TTA Ile Arg Asn Gly Thr Tyr Asp His Asp Val Tyr Arg Asp Glu Ala Leu 165 170 175	528
AAC AAC CGG TTT CAG ATC AAA GGT GTT GAA CTG AAG TCA GGA TAC AAA Asn Asn Arg Phe Gln Ile Lys Gly Val Glu Leu Lys Ser Gly Tyr Lys 180 185 190	576
GAC TGG ATC CTG TGG ATT TCC TTT GCC ATA TCA TGC TTT TTG CTT TGT Asp Trp Ile Leu Trp Ile Ser Phe Ala Ile Ser Cys Phe Leu Leu Cys 195 200 205	624
GTT GTT TTG CTG GGG TTC ATC ATG TGG GCC TGC CAA AAA GGC AAC ATT Val Val Leu Leu Gly Phe Ile Met Trp Ala Cys Gln Lys Gly Asn Ile 210 215 220	672
AGG TGC AAC ATT TGC ATT Arg Cys Asn Ile Cys Ile 225 230	690

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:12:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 230 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:12:

Met Asp Pro Asn Thr Val Ser Ser Phe Gln Val Asp Cys Phe Leu Trp 1 5 10 15
His Val Arg Lys Arg Val Ala Asp Gln Glu Leu Gly Asp Ala Pro Phe 20 25 30

Leu Asp Arg Leu Arg Arg Asp Gln Lys Ser Leu Arg Gly Arg Gly Ser
 35 40 45
 Thr Leu Gly Leu Asp Ile Glu Thr Ala Thr Arg Ala Gly Lys Gln Ile
 50 55 60
 Val Glu Arg Ile Leu Lys Glu Glu Ser Asp Glu Ala Leu Lys Met Thr
 65 70 75 80
 Met Asp His Met Leu Ile Gln Asp Leu Glu Lys Tyr Val Glu Asp Thr
 85 90 95
 Lys Ile Asp Leu Trp Ser Tyr Asn Ala Glu Leu Leu Val Ala Leu Glu
 100 105 110
 Asn Gln His Thr Ile Asp Leu Thr Asp Ser Glu Met Asn Lys Leu Phe
 115 120 125
 Glu Lys Thr Arg Arg Gln Leu Arg Glu Asn Ala Glu Asp Met Gly Asn
 130 135 140
 Gly Cys Phe Lys Ile Tyr His Lys Cys Asp Asn Ala Cys Ile Gly Ser
 145 150 155 160
 Ile Arg Asn Gly Thr Tyr Asp His Asp Val Tyr Arg Asp Glu Ala Leu
 165 170 175
 Asn Asn Arg Phe Gln Ile Lys Gly Val Glu Leu Lys Ser Gly Tyr Lys
 180 185 190
 Asp Trp Ile Leu Trp Ile Ser Phe Ala Ile Ser Cys Phe Leu Leu Cys
 195 200 205
 Val Val Leu Leu Gly Phe Ile Met Trp Ala Cys Gln Lys Gly Asn Ile
 210 215 220
 Arg Cys Asn Ile Cys Ile
 225 230

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:13:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 699 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
- (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
- (B) LOCATION: 1..699

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:13:

ATG Met 1	GAT Asp	CCA Pro	AAC Asn	ACT Thr 5	GTG Val	TCA Ser	AGC Ser	TTT Phe	CAG Gln 10	GTA Val	GAT Asp	TCC Ser	TTT Phe	CTT Leu 15	TGG Trp	48
CAT His	GTC Val	CGC Arg	AAA Lys 20	CGA Arg	GTT Val	GCA Ala	GAC Asp	CAA Gln 25	GAA Glu	CTA Leu	GGT Gly	GAT Asp	GCC Ala 30	CCA Pro	TTC Phe	96
CTT Leu	GAT Asp	CGG Arg	CTT Leu 35	CGC Arg	CGA Arg	GAT Asp	CAG Gln 40	AAA Lys	TCC Ser	ATG Met	CAT His	GGA Gly	TCA Ser	TAT Tyr	GTT Val	144
AAC Asn 50	AAG Lys	ACA Thr	CAA Gln	GAA Glu	GCT Ala	ATA Ile 55	AAC Asn	AAG Lys	ATA Ile	ACA Thr	AAA Lys 60	AAT Asn	CTC Leu	AAC Asn	TAT Tyr	192
TTA Leu 65	AGT Ser	GAG Glu	CTA Leu	GAA Glu	GTA Val 70	AAA Lys	AAC Asn	CTT Leu	CAA Gln	AGA Arg 75	CTA Leu	AGC Ser	GGA Gly	GCA Ala	ATG Met 80	240
AAT Asn	GAG Glu	CTT Leu	CAC His	GAC Asp 85	GAA Glu	ATA Ile	CTC Leu	GAG Glu	CTA Leu 90	GAC Asp	GAA Glu	AAA Lys	GTG Val	GAT Asp 95	GAT Asp	288
CTA Leu	AGA Arg	GCT Ala	GAT Asp 100	ACA Thr	ATA Ile	AGC Ser	TCA Ser	CAA Gln 105	ATA Ile	GAG Glu	CTT Leu	GCA Ala	GTC Val 110	TTG Leu	CTT Leu	336
TCC Ser	AAC Asn	GAA Glu 115	GGG Gly	ATA Ile	ATA Ile	AAC Asn	AGT Ser	GAA Glu 120	GAT Asp	GAG Glu	CAT His	CTC Leu 125	TTG Leu	GCA Ala	CTT Leu	384
GAA Glu 130	AGA Arg	AAA Lys	CTG Leu	AAG Lys	AAA Lys	ATG Met 135	CTT Leu	GGC Gly	CCC Pro	TCT Ser	GCT Ala	GTA Val	GAA Glu	ATA Ile	GGG Gly	432
AAT Asn 145	GGG Gly	TGC Cys	TTT Phe	GAA Glu	ACC Thr 150	AAA Lys	CAC His	AAA Lys	TGC Cys	AAC Asn 155	CAG Gln	ACT Thr	TGC Cys	CTA Leu 160	GAC Asp 160	480
AGG Arg	ATA Ile	GCT Ala	GCT Ala	GGC Gly 165	ACC Thr	TTT Phe	AAT Asn	GCA Ala	GGA Gly 170	GAT Asp	TTT Phe	TCT Ser	CTT Leu	CCC Pro 175	ACT Thr	528
TTT Phe	GAT Asp	TCA Ser	TTA Leu 180	AAC Asn	ATT Ile	ACT Thr	GCT Ala	GCA Ala 185	TCT Ser	TTA Leu	AAT Asn	GAT Asp	GAT Asp 190	GGC Gly	TTG Leu	576
GAT Asp	AAT Asn	CAT His 195	ACT Thr	ATA Ile	CTG Leu	CTC Leu	TAC Tyr 200	TAC Tyr	TCA Ser	ACT Thr	GCT Ala	GCT Ala	TCT Ser	AGC Ser	TTG Leu	624
GCT Ala 210	GTA Val	ACA Thr	TTA Leu	ATG Met	ATA Ile	GCT Ala 215	ATC Ile	TTC Phe	ATT Ile	GTC Val	TAC Tyr 220	ATG Met	GTC Val	TCC Ser	AGA Arg	672
GAC Asp 225	AAT Asn	GTT Val	TCT Ser	TGT Cys	TCC Ser	ATC Ile	TGT Cys	CTG Leu								699

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:14:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 233 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:14:

```

Met Asp Pro Asn Thr Val Ser Ser Phe Gln Val Asp Ser Phe Leu Trp
 1           5           10           15
His Val Arg Lys Arg Val Ala Asp Gln Glu Leu Gly Asp Ala Pro Phe
          20           25           30
Leu Asp Arg Leu Arg Arg Asp Gln Lys Ser Met His Gly Ser Tyr Val
          35           40           45
Asn Lys Thr Gln Glu Ala Ile Asn Lys Ile Thr Lys Asn Leu Asn Tyr
          50           55           60
Leu Ser Glu Leu Glu Val Lys Asn Leu Gln Arg Leu Ser Gly Ala Met
          65           70           75           80
Asn Glu Leu His Asp Glu Ile Leu Glu Leu Asp Glu Lys Val Asp Asp
          85           90           95
Leu Arg Ala Asp Thr Ile Ser Ser Gln Ile Glu Leu Ala Val Leu Leu
          100          105          110
Ser Asn Glu Gly Ile Ile Asn Ser Glu Asp Glu His Leu Leu Ala Leu
          115          120          125
Glu Arg Lys Leu Lys Lys Met Leu Gly Pro Ser Ala Val Glu Ile Gly
          130          135          140
Asn Gly Cys Phe Glu Thr Lys His Lys Cys Asn Gln Thr Cys Leu Asp
          145          150          155          160
Arg Ile Ala Ala Gly Thr Phe Asn Ala Gly Asp Phe Ser Leu Pro Thr
          165          170          175
Phe Asp Ser Leu Asn Ile Thr Ala Ala Ser Leu Asn Asp Asp Gly Leu
          180          185          190
Asp Asn His Thr Ile Leu Leu Tyr Tyr Ser Thr Ala Ala Ser Ser Leu
          195          200          205
Ala Val Thr Leu Met Ile Ala Ile Phe Ile Val Tyr Met Val Ser Arg
          210          215          220
Asp Asn Val Ser Cys Ser Ile Cys Leu
          225          230

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:15:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 924 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
 (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
 (B) LOCATION: 1..921

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:15:

ATG GAT CCA AAC ACT GTG TCA AGC TTT CAG GTA GAT TGC TTT CTT TGG	48
Met Asp Pro Asn Thr Val Ser Ser Phe Gln Val Asp Cys Phe Leu Trp	
1 5 10 15	
CAT GTC CGC AAA CGA GTT GCA GAC CAA GAA CTA GGT GAT GCC CCA TTC	96
His Val Arg Lys Arg Val Ala Asp Gln Glu Leu Gly Asp Ala Pro Phe	
20 25 30	
CTT GAT CGG CTT CGC CGA GAT CAG AAA TCC CTA AGA GGA AGG GGC AGC	144
Leu Asp Arg Leu Arg Arg Asp Gln Lys Ser Leu Arg Gly Arg Gly Ser	
35 40 45	
ACT CTT GGT CTG GAC ATC GAG ACA GCC ACA CGT GCT GGA AAG CAG ATA	192
Thr Leu Gly Leu Asp Ile Glu Thr Ala Thr Arg Ala Gly Lys Gln Ile	
50 55 60	
GTG GAG CGG ATT CTG AAA GAA GAA TCC GAT GAG GCA CTT AAA ATG ACC	240
Val Glu Arg Ile Leu Lys Glu Glu Ser Asp Glu Ala Leu Lys Met Thr	
65 70 75 80	
ATG GAT CTG TCC AGA GGT CTA TTT GGA GCC ATT GCC GGT TTT ATT GAA	288
Met Asp Leu Ser Arg Gly Leu Phe Gly Ala Ile Ala Gly Phe Ile Glu	
85 90 95	
GGG GGA TGG ACT GGA ATG ATA GAT GGA TGG TAC GGT TAT CAT CAT CAG	336
Gly Gly Trp Thr Gly Met Ile Asp Gly Trp Tyr Gly Tyr His His Gln	
100 105 110	
AAT GAA CAG GGA TCA GCC TAT GCA GCG GAT CAA AAA AGC ACA CAA AAT	384
Asn Glu Gln Gly Ser Gly Tyr Ala Ala Asp Gln Lys Ser Thr Gln Asn	
115 120 125	
GCC ATT AAC GGG ATT ACA AAC AAG GTG AAC TCT GTT ATC GAG AAA ATG	432
Ala Ile Asn Gly Ile Thr Asn Lys Val Asn Ser Val Ile Glu Lys Met	
130 135 140	
AAC ATT CAA TTC ACA GCT GTG GGT AAA GAA TTC AAC AAA TTA GAA AAA	480
Asn Ile Gln Phe Thr Ala Val Gly Lys Glu Phe Asn Lys Leu Glu Lys	
145 150 155 160	
AGG ATG GAA AAT TTA AAT AAA AAA GTT GAT GAT GGA TTT CTG GAC ATT	528
Arg Met Glu Asn Leu Asn Lys Lys Val Asp Asp Gly Phe Leu Asp Ile	
165 170 175	

TGG ACA TAT AAT GCA GAA TTG TTA GTT CTA CTG GAA AAT GAA AGG ACT	576
Trp Thr Tyr Asn Ala Glu Leu Leu Val Leu Leu Glu Asn Glu Arg Thr	
180 185 190	
CTG GAT TTC CAT GAC TCA AAT GTG AAG AAT CTG TAT GAG AAA GTA AAA	624
Leu Asp Phe His Asp Ser Asn Val Lys Asn Leu Tyr Glu Lys Val Lys	
195 200 205	
AGC CAA TTA AAG AAT AAT GCC AAA GAA ATC GGA AAT GGA TGT TTT GAG	672
Ser Gln Leu Lys Asn Asn Ala Lys Glu Ile Gly Asn Gly Cys Phe Glu	
210 215 220	
TTC TAC CAC AAG TGT GAC AAT GAA TGC ATG GAA AGT GTA AGA AAT GCG	720
Phe Tyr His Lys Cys Asp Asn Glu Cys Met Glu Ser Val Arg Asn Gly	
225 230 235 240	
ACT TAT GAT TAT CCC AAA TAT TCA GAA GAG TCA AAG TTG AAC AGG GAA	768
Thr Tyr Asp Tyr Pro Lys Tyr Ser Glu Glu Ser Lys Leu Asn Arg Glu	
245 250 255	
AAG GTA GAT GGA GTG AAA TTG GAA TCA ATG GGG ATC TAT CAG ATT CTG	816
Lys Val Asp Gly Val Lys Leu Glu Ser Met Gly Ile Tyr Gln Ile Leu	
260 265 270	
GCG ATC TAC TCA ACT GTC GCC AGT TCA CTG GTG CTT TTG GTC TCC CTG	864
Ala Ile Tyr Ser Thr Val Ala Ser Ser Leu Val Leu Leu Val Ser Leu	
275 280 285	
GGG GCA ATC AGT TTC TGG ATG TGT TCT AAT GGA TCT TTG CAG TGC AGA	912
Gly Ala Ile Ser Phe Trp Met Cys Ser Asn Gly Ser Leu Gln Cys Arg	
290 295 300	
ATA TGC ATC TGA	924
Ile Cys Ile	
305	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:16:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
- (A) LENGTH: 307 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:16:

Met Asp Pro Asn Thr Val Ser Ser Phe Gln Val Asp Cys Phe Leu Trp
1 5 10 15
His Val Arg Lys Arg Val Ala Asp Gln Glu Leu Gly Asp Ala Pro Phe
20 25 30
Leu Asp Arg Leu Arg Arg Asp Gln Lys Ser Leu Arg Gly Arg Gly Ser
35 40 45
Thr Leu Gly Leu Asp Ile Glu Thr Ala Thr Arg Ala Gly Lys Gln Ile
50 55 60
Val Glu Arg Ile Leu Lys Glu Glu Ser Asp Glu Ala Leu Lys Met Thr
65 70 75 80

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:17:

(A) LENGTH: 729 base pairs
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: double
(D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
(B) LOCATION: 1..726

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:17:

ATG	GAT	CCA	AAC	ACT	GTG	TCA	AGC	TTT	CAG	GTA	GAT	TGC	TTT	CTT	TGG	48
Met	Asp	Pro	Asn	Thr	Val	Ser	Ser	Phe	Gln	Val	Asp	Cys	Phe	Leu	Trp	
1				5				10						15		
CAT	GTC	CGC	AAA	CGA	GTT	GCA	GAC	CAA	GAA	CTA	GGT	GAT	GCC	CCA	TTC	96
His	Val	Arg	Lys	Arg	Val	Ala	Asp	Gln	Glu	Leu	Gly	Asp	Ala	Pro	Phe	
			20					25					30			
CTT	GAT	CGG	CTT	CGC	CGA	GAT	CAG	AAA	TCC	CTA	AGA	GGA	AGG	GGC	AGC	144
Leu	Asp	Arg	Leu	Arg	Arg	Asp	Gln	Lys	Ser	Leu	Arg	Gly	Arg	Gly	Ser	
		35					40					45				
ACT	CTT	GGT	CTG	GAC	ATC	GAG	ACA	GCC	ACA	CGT	GCT	GGA	AAG	CAG	ATA	192
Thr	Leu	Gly	Leu	Asp	Ile	Glu	Thr	Ala	Thr	Arg	Ala	Gly	Lys	Gln	Ile	
	50					55				60						
GTG	GAG	CGG	ATT	CTG	AAA	GAA	GAA	TCC	GAT	GAG	GCA	CTT	AAA	ATG	ACC	240
Val	Glu	Arg	Ile	Leu	Lys	Glu	Glu	Ser	Asp	Glu	Ala	Leu	Lys	Met	Thr	
65				70				75						80		
ATG	CAG	ATC	CCG	GCT	GTG	GCT	AAA	GAA	TTC	AAC	AAA	TTA	GAA	AAA	AGG	288
Met	Gln	Ile	Pro	Ala	Val	Gly	Lys	Glu	Phe	Asn	Lys	Leu	Glu	Lys	Arg	
			85					90						95		
ATG	GAA	AAT	TTA	AAT	AAA	AAA	GTT	GAT	GAT	GGA	TTT	CTG	GAC	ATT	TGG	336
Met	Glu	Asn	Leu	Asn	Lys	Lys	Val	Asp	Asp	Gly	Phe	Leu	Asp	Ile	Trp	
			100				105						110			
ACA	TAT	AAT	GCA	GAA	TTG	TTA	GTT	CTA	CTG	GAA	AAT	GAA	AGG	ACT	CTG	384
Thr	Tyr	Asn	Ala	Glu	Leu	Leu	Val	Leu	Leu	Glu	Asn	Glu	Arg	Thr	Leu	
		115					120					125				
GAT	TTC	CAT	GAC	TCA	AAT	GTG	AAG	AAT	CTG	TAT	GAG	AAA	GTA	AAA	AGC	432
Asp	Phe	His	Asp	Ser	Asn	Val	Lys	Asn	Leu	Tyr	Glu	Lys	Val	Lys	Ser	
	130					135					140					
CAA	TTA	AAG	AAT	AAT	GCC	AAA	GAA	ATC	GGA	AAT	GGA	TGT	TTT	GAG	TTC	480
Gln	Leu	Lys	Asn	Asn	Ala	Lys	Glu	Ile	Gly	Asn	Gly	Cys	Phe	Glu	Phe	
145					150				155					160		
TAC	CAC	AAG	TGT	GAC	AAT	GAA	TGC	ATG	GAA	AGT	GTA	AGA	AAT	GGG	ACT	528
Tyr	His	Lys	Cys	Asp	Asn	Glu	Cys	Met	Glu	Ser	Val	Arg	Asn	Gly	Thr	
			165					170						175		
TAT	GAT	TAT	CCC	AAA	TAT	TCA	GAA	GAG	TCA	AAG	TTG	AAC	AGC	GAA	AAG	576
Tyr	Asp	Tyr	Pro	Lys	Tyr	Ser	Glu	Glu	Ser	Lys	Leu	Asn	Arg	Glu	Lys	
			180					185					190			
GTA	GAT	GCA	GTG	AAA	TTG	GAA	TCA	ATG	GGG	ATC	TAT	CAG	ATT	CTG	GCG	624
Val	Asp	Gly	Val	Lys	Leu	Glu	Ser	Met	Gly	Ile	Tyr	Gln	Ile	Leu	Ala	
		195				200						205				
ATC	TAC	TCA	ACT	GTG	GCC	AGT	TCA	CTG	GTG	CTT	TTG	GTC	TCC	CTG	GGG	672
Ile	Tyr	Ser	Thr	Val	Ala	Ser	Ser	Leu	Val	Leu	Leu	Val	Ser	Leu	Gly	
	210					215					220					

GCA ATC AGT TTC TGG ATG TGT TCT AAT GGA TCT TTG CAG TGC AGA ATA 720
 Ala Ile Ser Phe Trp Met Cys Ser Asn Gly Ser Leu Gln Cys Arg Ile
 225 230 235 240

TGC ATC TGA 729
 Cys Ile

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:18:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 242 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:18:

Met Asp Pro Asn Thr Val Ser Ser Phe Gln Val Asp Cys Phe Leu Trp
 1 5 10 15
 His Val Arg Lys Arg Val Ala Asp Gln Glu Leu Gly Asp Ala Pro Phe
 20 25 30
 Leu Asp Arg Leu Arg Arg Asp Gln Lys Ser Leu Arg Gly Arg Gly Ser
 35 40 45
 Thr Leu Gly Leu Asp Ile Glu Thr Ala Thr Arg Ala Gly Lys Gln Ile
 50 55 60
 Val Glu Arg Ile Leu Lys Glu Glu Ser Asp Glu Ala Leu Lys Met Thr
 65 70 75 80
 Met Gln Ile Pro Ala Val Gly Lys Glu Phe Asn Lys Leu Glu Lys Arg
 85 90 95
 Met Glu Asn Leu Asn Lys Lys Val Asp Asp Gly Phe Leu Asp Ile Trp
 100 105 110
 Thr Tyr Asn Ala Glu Leu Leu Val Leu Leu Glu Asn Glu Arg Thr Leu
 115 120 125
 Asp Phe His Asp Ser Asn Val Lys Asn Leu Tyr Glu Lys Val Lys Ser
 130 135 140
 Gln Leu Lys Asn Asn Ala Lys Glu Ile Gly Asn Gly Cys Phe Glu Phe
 145 150 155 160
 Tyr His Lys Cys Asp Asn Glu Cys Met Glu Ser Val Arg Asn Gly Thr
 165 170 175
 Tyr Asp Tyr Pro Lys Tyr Ser Glu Glu Ser Lys Leu Asn Arg Glu Lys
 180 185 190
 Val Asp Gly Val Lys Leu Glu Ser Met Gly Ile Tyr Gln Ile Leu Ala
 195 200 205
 Ile Tyr Ser Thr Val Ala Ser Ser Leu Val Leu Leu Val Ser Leu Gly
 210 215 220

Ala Ile Ser Phe Trp Met Cys Ser Asn Gly Ser Leu Gln Cys Arg Ile
 225 230 235 240
 Cys Ile

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:19:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 810 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
- (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
- (B) LOCATION: 1..807

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:19:

ATG GAT CCA AAC ACT GTG TCA AGC TTT CAG GTA GAT TGC TTT CTT TGG	48
Met Asp Pro Asn Thr Val Ser Ser Phe Gln Val Asp Cys Phe Leu Trp	
1 5 10 15	
CAT GTC CGC AAA CGA GTT GCA GAC CAA GAA CTA GGT GAT GCC CCA TTC	96
His Val Arg Lys Arg Val Ala Asp Gln Glu Leu Gly Asp Ala Pro Phe	
20 25 30	
CTT GAT CGG CTT CGC CGA GAT CAG AAA TCC ATG GAT CTG TCC AGA GGT	144
Leu Asp Arg Leu Arg Arg Asp Gln Lys Ser Met Asp Leu Ser Arg Gly	
35 40 45	
CTA TTT GGA GCC ATT GCC GGT TTT ATT GAA GGG GGA TGG ACT GGA ATG	192
Leu Phe Gly Ala Ile Ala Gly Phe Ile Glu Gly Gly Trp Thr Gly Met	
50 55 60	
ATA GAT GGA TGG TAC GGT TAT CAT CAT CAG AAT GAA CAG GGA TCA GGC	240
Ile Asp Gly Trp Tyr Gly Tyr His His Gln Asn Glu Gln Gly Ser Gly	
65 70 75 80	
TAT GCA CCG GAT CAA AAA AGC ACA CAA AAT GCC ATT AAC GGG ATT ACA	288
Tyr Ala Ala Asp Gln Lys Ser Thr Gln Asn Ala Ile Asn Gly Ile Thr	
85 90 95	
AAC AAG GTG AAC TCT GTT ATC GAG AAA ATG AAC ATT CAA TTC ACA GCT	336
Asn Lys Val Asn Ser Val Ile Glu Lys Met Asn Ile Gln Phe Thr Ala	
100 105 110	
GTG GGT AAA GAA TTC AAC AAA TTA GAA AAA AGG ATG GAA AAT TTA AAT	384
Val Gly Lys Glu Phe Asn Lys Leu Glu Lys Arg Met Glu Asn Leu Asn	
115 120 125	
AAA AAA GTT GAT GAT GGA TTT CTG GAC ATT TGG ACA TAT AAT GCA GAA	432
Lys Lys Val Asp Asp Gly Phe Leu Asp Ile Trp Thr Tyr Asn Ala Glu	
130 135 140	
TTG TTA GTT CTA CTG GAA AAT GAA AGG ACT CTG GAT TTC CAT GAC TCA	480
Leu Leu Val Leu Leu Glu Asn Glu Arg Thr Leu Asp Phe His Asp Ser	
145 150 155 160	

AAT GTG AAG AAT CTG TAT GAG AAA GTA AAA AGC CAA TTA AAG AAT AAT Asn Val Lys Asn Leu Tyr Glu Lys Val Lys Ser Gln Leu Lys Asn Asn 165 170 175	528
GCC AAA GAA ATC GGA AAT GGA TGT TTT GAG TTC TAC CAC AAG TGT GAC Ala Lys Glu Ile Gly Asn Gly Cys Phe Glu Phe Tyr His Lys Cys Asp 180 185 190	576
AAT GAA TGC ATG GAA AGT GTA AGA AAT GGG ACT TAT GAT TAT CCC AAA Asn Glu Cys Met Glu Ser Val Arg Asn Gly Thr Tyr Asp Tyr Pro Lys 195 200 205	624
TAT TCA GAA GAG TCA AAG TTG AAC AGG GAA AAG GTA GAT GGA GTG AAA Tyr Ser Glu Glu Ser Lys Leu Asn Arg Glu Lys Val Asp Gly Val Lys 210 215 220	672
TTG GAA TCA ATG GGG ATC TAT CAG ATT CTG GCG ATC TAC TCA ACT GTC Leu Glu Ser Met Gly Ile Tyr Gln Ile Leu Ala Ile Tyr Ser Thr Val 225 230 235 240	720
GCC AGT TCA CTG GTG CTT TTG GTC TCC CTG GCG GCA ATC AGT TTC TGG Ala Ser Ser Leu Val Leu Leu Val Ser Leu Gly Ala Ile Ser Phe Trp 245 250 255	768
ATG TGT TCT AAT GGA TCT TTG CAG TGC AGA ATA TGC ATC TGA Met Cys Ser Asn Gly Ser Leu Gln Cys Arg Ile Cys Ile 260 265	810

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:20:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 269 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:20:

Met Asp Pro Asn Thr Val Ser Ser Phe Gln Val Asp Cys Phe Leu Trp 1 5 10 15
His Val Arg Lys Arg Val Ala Asp Gln Glu Leu Gly Asp Ala Pro Phe 20 25 30
Leu Asp Arg Leu Arg Arg Asp Gln Lys Ser Met Asp Leu Ser Arg Gly 35 40 45
Leu Phe Gly Ala Ile Ala Gly Phe Ile Glu Gly Gly Trp Thr Gly Met 50 55 60
Ile Asp Gly Trp Tyr Gly Tyr His His Gln Asn Glu Gln Gly Ser Gly 65 70 75 80
Tyr Ala Ala Asp Gln Lys Ser Thr Gln Asn Ala Ile Asn Gly Ile Thr 85 90 95
Asn Lys Val Asn Ser Val Ile Glu Lys Met Asn Ile Gln Phe Thr Ala 100 105 110

Val Gly Lys Glu Phe Asn Lys Leu Glu Lys Arg Met Glu Asn Leu Asn
 115 120 125

Lys Lys Val Asp Asp Gly Phe Leu Asp Ile Trp Thr Tyr Asn Ala Glu
 130 135 140

Leu Leu Val Leu Leu Glu Asn Glu Arg Thr Leu Asp Phe His Asp Ser
 145 150 155 160

Asn Val Lys Asn Leu Tyr Glu Lys Val Lys Ser Gln Leu Lys Asn Asn
 165 170 175

Ala Lys Glu Ile Gly Asn Gly Cys Phe Glu Phe Tyr His Lys Cys Asp
 180 185 190

Asn Glu Cys Met Glu Ser Val Arg Asn Gly Thr Tyr Asp Tyr Pro Lys
 195 200 205

Tyr Ser Glu Glu Ser Lys Leu Asn Arg Glu Lys Val Asp Gly Val Lys
 210 215 220

Leu Glu Ser Met Gly Ile Tyr Gln Ile Leu Ala Ile Tyr Ser Thr Val
 225 230 235 240

Ala Ser Ser Leu Val Leu Leu Val Ser Leu Gly Ala Ile Ser Phe Trp
 245 250 255

Met Cys Ser Asn Gly Ser Leu Gln Cys Arg Ile Cys Ile
 260 265

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:21:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 630 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
- (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
- (B) LOCATION: 1..627

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:21:

ATG GAT CCA AAC ACT GTG TCA AGC TTT CAG GTA GAT TGC TTT CTT TGG	48
Met Asp Pro Asn Thr Val Ser Ser Phe Gln Val Asp Cys Phe Leu Trp	
1 5 10 15	
CAT GTC CGC AAA CGA GTT GCA GAC CAA GAA CTA GGT GAT GCC CCA TTC	96
His Val Arg Lys Arg Val Ala Asp Gln Glu Leu Gly Asp Ala Pro Phe	
20 25 30	
CTT GAT CGG CTT CGC CGA GAT CAG AAA TCC ATG GAT CAT ATG TTA ACA	144
Leu Asp Arg Leu Arg Arg Asp Gln Lys Ser Met Asp His Met Leu Thr	
35 40 45	
AGT ACT CGA TCT GTG GGT AAA GAA TTC AAC AAA TTA GAA AAA AGG ATG	192
Ser Thr Arg Ser Val Gly Lys Glu Phe Asn Lys Leu Glu Lys Arg Met	
50 55 60	

GAA AAT TTA AAT AAA AAA GTT GAT GAT GGA TTT CTG GAC ATT TGG ACA Glu Asn Leu Asn Lys Lys Val Asp Asp Gly Phe Leu Asp Ile Trp Thr 65 70 75 80	240
TAT AAT GCA GAA TTG TTA GTT CTA CTG GAA AAT GAA AGG ACT CTG GAT Tyr Asn Ala Glu Leu Leu Val Leu Leu Glu Asn Glu Arg Thr Leu Asp 85 90 95	288
TTC CAT GAC TCA AAT GTG AAG AAT CTG TAT GAG AAA GTA AAA AGC CAA Phe His Asp Ser Asn Val Lys Asn Leu Tyr Glu Lys Val Lys Ser Gln 100 105 110	336
TTA AAG AAT AAT GCC AAA GAA ATC GGA AAT GGA TGT TTT GAG TTC TAC Leu Lys Asn Asn Ala Lys Glu Ile Gly Asn Gly Cys Phe Glu Phe Tyr 115 120 125	384
CAC AAG TGT GAC AAT GAA TGC ATG GAA AGT GTA AGA AAT GGG ACT TAT His Lys Cys Asp Asn Glu Cys Met Glu Ser Val Arg Asn Gly Thr Tyr 130 135 140	432
GAT TAT CCC AAA TAT TCA GAA GAG TCA AAG TTG AAC AGC GAA AAG GTA Asp Tyr Pro Lys Tyr Ser Glu Glu Ser Lys Leu Asn Arg Glu Lys Val 145 150 155 160	480
GAT GGA GTG AAA TTG GAA TCA ATG GCG ATC TAT CAG ATT CTG GCG ATC Asp Gly Val Lys Leu Glu Ser Met Gly Ile Tyr Gln Ile Leu Ala Ile 165 170 175	528
TAC TCA ACT GTC GCC AGT TCA CTG GTG CTT TTG GTC TCC CTG GGG GCA Tyr Ser Thr Val Ala Ser Ser Leu Val Leu Leu Val Ser Leu Gly Ala 180 185 190	576
ATC AGT TTC TGG ATG TGT TCT AAT GGA TCT TTG CAG TGC AGA ATA TGC Ile Ser Phe Trp Met Cys Ser Asn Gly Ser Leu Gln Cys Arg Ile Cys 195 200 205	624
ATC TGA Ile	630

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:22:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 209 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:22:

Met Asp Pro Asn Thr Val Ser Ser Phe Gln Val Asp Cys Phe Leu Trp
1 5 10 15

His Val Arg Lys Arg Val Ala Asp Gln Glu Leu Gly Asp Ala Pro Phe
20 25 30

Leu Asp Arg Leu Arg Arg Asp Gln Lys Ser Met Asp His Met Leu Thr
35 40 45

Ser Thr Arg Ser Val Gly Lys Glu Phe Asn Lys Leu Glu Lys Arg Met
50 55 60

Glu Asn Leu Asn Lys Lys Val Asp Asp Gly Phe Leu Asp Ile Trp Thr
 65 70 75 80
 Tyr Asn Ala Glu Leu Leu Val Leu Leu Glu Asn Glu Arg Thr Leu Asp
 85 90 95
 Phe His Asp Ser Asn Val Lys Asn Leu Tyr Glu Lys Val Lys Ser Gln
 100 105 110
 Leu Lys Asn Asn Ala Lys Glu Ile Gly Asn Gly Cys Phe Glu Phe Tyr
 115 120 125
 His Lys Cys Asp Asn Glu Cys Met Glu Ser Val Arg Asn Gly Thr Tyr
 130 135 140
 Asp Tyr Pro Lys Tyr Ser Glu Glu Ser Lys Leu Asn Arg Glu Lys Val
 145 150 155 160
 Asp Gly Val Lys Leu Glu Ser Met Gly Ile Tyr Gln Ile Leu Ala Ile
 165 170 175
 Tyr Ser Thr Val Ala Ser Ser Leu Val Leu Leu Val Ser Leu Gly Ala
 180 185 190
 Ile Ser Phe Trp Met Cys Ser Asn Gly Ser Leu Gln Cys Arg Ile Cys
 195 200 205
 Ile

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:23:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 717 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
- (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
- (B) LOCATION: 1..714

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:23:

ATG GAT CCA AAC ACT GTG TCA AGC TTT CAG GTA GAT TGC TTT CTT TGG	48
Met Asp Pro Asn Thr Val Ser Ser Phe Gln Val Asp Cys Phe Leu Trp	
1 5 10 15	
CAT GTC CGC AAA CGA GTT GCA GAC CAA GAA CTA GGT GAT GCC CCA TTC	96
His Val Arg Lys Arg Val Ala Asp Gln Glu Leu Gly Asp Ala Pro Phe	
20 25 30	
CTT GAT CGG CTT CGC CGA GAT CAG AAA TCC CTA AGA GGA AGG GGC AGC	144
Leu Asp Arg Leu Arg Arg Asp Gln Lys Ser Leu Arg Gly Arg Gly Ser	
35 40 45	
ACT CTT GGT CTG GAC ATC GAG ACA GCC ACA CGT GCT GGA AAG CAG ATA	192
Thr Leu Gly Leu Asp Ile Glu Thr Ala Thr Arg Ala Gly Lys Gln Ile	
50 55 60	

GTG GAG CGG ATT CTG AAA GAA GAA TCC GAT GAG GCA CTT AAA ATG ACC Val Glu Arg Ile Leu Lys Glu Glu Ser Asp Glu Ala Leu Lys Met Thr 65 70 75 80	240
ATG CAG ATC CCG GAA TTC AAC AAA TTA GAA AAA AGG ATG GAA AAT TTA Met Gln Ile Pro Glu Phe Asn Lys Leu Glu Lys Arg Met Glu Asn Leu 85 90 95	288
AAT AAA AAA GTT GAT GAT GGA TTT CTG GAC ATT TGG ACA TAT AAT GCA Asn Lys Lys Val Asp Asp Gly Phe Leu Asp Ile Trp Thr Tyr Asn Ala 100 105 110	336
GAA TTG TTA GTT CTA CTG GAA AAT GAA AGG ACT CTG GAT TTC CAT GAC Glu Leu Leu Val Leu Leu Glu Asn Glu Arg Thr Leu Asp Phe His Asp 115 120 125	384
TCA AAT GTG AAG AAT CTG TAT GAG AAA GTA AAA AGC CAA TTA AAG AAT Ser Asn Val Lys Asn Leu Tyr Glu Lys Val Lys Ser Gln Leu Lys Asn 130 135 140	432
AAT GCC AAA GAA ATC GGA AAT GGA TGT TTT GAG TTC TAC CAC AAG TGT Asn Ala Lys Glu Ile Gly Asn Gly Cys Phe Glu Phe Tyr His Lys Cys 145 150 155 160	480
GAC AAT GAA TGC ATG GAA AGT GTA AGA AAT GGG ACT TAT GAT TAT CCC Asp Asn Glu Cys Met Glu Ser Val Arg Asn Gly Thr Tyr Asp Tyr Pro 165 170 175	528
AAA TAT TCA GAA GAG TCA AAG TTG AAC AGG GAA AAG GTA GAT GGA GTG Lys Tyr Ser Glu Glu Ser Lys Leu Asn Arg Glu Lys Val Asp Gly Val 180 185 190	576
AAA TTG GAA TCA ATG GGG ATC TAT CAG ATT CTG GCG ATC TAC TCA ACT Lys Leu Glu Ser Met Gly Ile Tyr Gln Ile Leu Ala Ile Tyr Ser Thr 195 200 205	624
GTC GCC AGT TCA CTG GTG CTT TTG GTC TCC CTG GCG GCA ATC AGT TTC Val Ala Ser Ser Leu Val Leu Leu Val Ser Leu Gly Ala Ile Ser Phe 210 215 220	672
TGG ATG TGT TCT AAT GGA TCT TTG CAG TGC AGA ATA TGC ATC Trp Met Cys Ser Asn Gly Ser Leu Gln Cys Arg Ile Cys Ile 225 230 235	714
TGA	717

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:24:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 238 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:24:

Met	Asp	Pro	Asn	Thr	Val	Ser	Ser	Phe	Gln	Val	Asp	Cys	Phe	Leu	Trp
1				5					10					15	
His	Val	Arg	Lys	Arg	Val	Ala	Asp	Gln	Glu	Leu	Gly	Asp	Ala	Pro	Phe
			20					25					30		

Leu Asp Arg Leu Arg Arg Asp Gln Lys Ser Leu Arg Gly Arg Gly Ser
 35 40 45
 Thr Leu Gly Leu Asp Ile Glu Thr Ala Thr Arg Ala Gly Lys Gln Ile
 50 55 60
 Val Glu Arg Ile Leu Lys Glu Glu Ser Asp Glu Ala Leu Lys Met Thr
 65 70 75 80
 Met Gln Ile Pro Glu Phe Asn Lys Leu Glu Lys Arg Met Glu Asn Leu
 85 90 95
 Asn Lys Lys Val Asp Asp Gly Phe Leu Asp Ile Trp Thr Tyr Asn Ala
 100 105 110
 Glu Leu Leu Val Leu Leu Glu Asn Glu Arg Thr Leu Asp Phe His Asp
 115 120 125
 Ser Asn Val Lys Asn Leu Tyr Glu Lys Val Lys Ser Gln Leu Lys Asn
 130 135 140
 Asn Ala Lys Glu Ile Gly Asn Gly Cys Phe Glu Phe Tyr His Lys Cys
 145 150 155 160
 Asp Asn Glu Cys Met Glu Ser Val Arg Asn Gly Thr Tyr Asp Tyr Pro
 165 170 175
 Lys Tyr Ser Glu Glu Ser Lys Leu Asn Arg Glu Lys Val Asp Gly Val
 180 185 190
 Lys Leu Glu Ser Met Gly Ile Tyr Gln Ile Leu Ala Ile Tyr Ser Thr
 195 200 205
 Val Ala Ser Ser Leu Val Leu Leu Val Ser Leu Gly Ala Ile Ser Phe
 210 215 220
 Trp Met Cys Ser Asn Gly Ser Leu Gln Cys Arg Ile Cys Ile
 225 230 235

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:25:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 681 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
- (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
- (B) LOCATION: 1..678

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:25:

ATG GAT CCA AAC ACT GTG TCA AGC TTT CAG GTA GAT TGC TTT CTT TGG	48
Met Asp Pro Asn Thr Val Ser Ser Phe Gln Val Asp Cys Phe Leu Trp	
1 5 10 15	
CAT GTC CGC AAA CGA GTT GCA GAC CAA GAA CTA GGT GAT GCC CCA TTC	96
His Val Arg Lys Arg Val Ala Asp Gln Glu Leu Gly Asp Ala Pro Phe	
20 25 30	
CTT GAT CGG CTT CGC CGA GAT CAG AAA TCC CTA AGA GGA AGG GGC AGC	144
Leu Asp Arg Leu Arg Arg Asp Gln Lys Ser Leu Arg Gly Arg Gly Ser	
35 40 45	
ACT CTT GGT CTG GAC ATC GAG ACA GCC ACA CGT GCT GCA AAG CAG ATA	192
Thr Leu Gly Leu Asp Ile Glu Thr Ala Thr Arg Ala Gly Lys Gln Ile	
50 55 60	
GTG GAG CGG ATT CTG AAA GAA GAA TCC GAT GAG GCA CTT AAA ATG ACC	240
Val Glu Arg Ile Leu Lys Glu Glu Ser Asp Glu Ala Leu Lys Met Thr	
65 70 75 80	
ATG CAG ATC CCG AAT AAA AAA GTT GAT GAT GGA TTT CTG GAC ATT TGG	288
Met Gln Ile Pro Asn Lys Lys Val Asp Asp Gly Phe Leu Asp Ile Trp	
85 90 95	
ACA TAT AAT GCA GAA TTG TTA GTT CTA CTG GAA AAT GAA AGG ACT CTG	336
Thr Tyr Asn Ala Glu Leu Leu Val Leu Leu Glu Asn Glu Arg Thr Leu	
100 105 110	
GAT TTC CAT GAC TCA AAT GTG AAG AAT CTG TAT GAG AAA GTA AAA AGC	384
Asp Phe His Asp Ser Asn Val Lys Asn Leu Tyr Glu Lys Val Lys Ser	
115 120 125	
CAA TTA AAG AAT AAT GCC AAA GAA ATC GGA AAT GGA TGT TTT GAG TTC	432
Gln Leu Lys Asn Asn Ala Lys Glu Ile Gly Asn Gly Cys Phe Glu Phe	
130 135 140	
TAC CAC AAG TGT GAC AAT GAA TGC ATG GAA AGT GTA AGA AAT GGG ACT	480
Tyr His Lys Cys Asp Asn Glu Cys Met Glu Ser Val Arg Asn Gly Thr	
145 150 155 160	
TAT GAT TAT CCC AAA TAT TCA GAA GAG TCA AAG TTG AAC AGG GAA AAG	528
Tyr Asp Tyr Pro Lys Tyr Ser Glu Glu Ser Lys Leu Asn Arg Glu Lys	
165 170 175	
GTA GAT GGA GTG AAA TTG GAA TCA ATG GGG ATC TAT CAG ATT CTG GCG	576
Val Asp Gly Val Lys Leu Glu Ser Met Gly Ile Tyr Gln Ile Leu Ala	
180 185 190	
ATC TAC TCA ACT GTC GCC AGT TCA CTG GTG CTT TTG GTC TCC CTG GCG	624
Ile Tyr Ser Thr Val Ala Ser Ser Leu Val Leu Leu Val Ser Leu Gly	
195 200 205	
GCA ATC AGT TTC TGG ATG TGT TCT AAT GGA TCT TTG CAG TGC AGA ATA	672
Ala Ile Ser Phe Trp Met Cys Ser Asn Gly Ser Leu Gln Cys Arg Ile	
210 215 220	
TGC ATC TGA	681
Cys Ile	
225	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:26:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 226 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:26:

```

Met Asp Pro Asn Thr Val Ser Ser Phe Gln Val Asp Cys Phe Leu Trp
 1           5           10           15
His Val Arg Lys Arg Val Ala Asp Gln Glu Leu Gly Asp Ala Pro Phe
 20           25           30
Leu Asp Arg Leu Arg Arg Asp Gln Lys Ser Leu Arg Gly Arg Gly Ser
 35           40           45
Thr Leu Gly Leu Asp Ile Glu Thr Ala Thr Arg Ala Gly Lys Gln Ile
 50           55           60
Val Glu Arg Ile Leu Lys Glu Glu Ser Asp Glu Ala Leu Lys Met Thr
 65           70           75           80
Met Gln Ile Pro Asn Lys Lys Val Asp Asp Gly Phe Leu Asp Ile Trp
 85           90           95
Thr Tyr Asn Ala Glu Leu Leu Val Leu Leu Glu Asn Glu Arg Thr Leu
100           105           110
Asp Phe His Asp Ser Asn Val Lys Asn Leu Tyr Glu Lys Val Lys Ser
115           120           125
Gln Leu Lys Asn Asn Ala Lys Glu Ile Gly Asn Gly Cys Phe Glu Phe
130           135           140
Tyr His Lys Cys Asp Asn Glu Cys Met Glu Ser Val Arg Asn Gly Thr
145           150           155           160
Tyr Asp Tyr Pro Lys Tyr Ser Glu Glu Ser Lys Leu Asn Arg Glu Lys
165           170           175
Val Asp Gly Val Lys Leu Glu Ser Met Gly Ile Tyr Gln Ile Leu Ala
180           185           190
Ile Tyr Ser Thr Val Ala Ser Ser Leu Val Leu Leu Val Ser Leu Gly
195           200           205
Ala Ile Ser Phe Trp Met Cys Ser Asn Gly Ser Leu Gln Cys Arg Ile
210           215           220
Cys Ile
225

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:27:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 158 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:27:

```

Met Asp Pro Asn Thr Val Ser Ser Phe Gln Val Asp Cys Phe Leu Trp
 1           5           10           15
His Val Arg Lys Arg Val Ala Asp Gln Glu Leu Gly Asp Ala Pro Phe
          20           25           30
Leu Asp Arg Leu Arg Arg Asp Gln Lys Ser Leu Arg Gly Arg Gly Ser
          35           40           45
Thr Leu Gly Leu Asp Ile Glu Thr Ala Thr Arg Ala Gly Lys Gln Ile
          50           55           60
Val Glu Arg Ile Leu Lys Glu Glu Ser Asp Glu Ala Leu Lys Met Thr
          65           70           75           80
Met Gln Ile Pro Val Glu Ser Val Arg Asn Gly Thr Tyr Asp Tyr Pro
          85           90           95
Lys Tyr Ser Glu Ser Lys Leu Asn Arg Glu Lys Val Asp Gly Val
          100          105          110
Lys Leu Glu Ser Met Gly Ile Tyr Gln Ile Leu Ala Ile Tyr Ser Thr
          115          120          125
Val Ala Ser Ser Leu Val Leu Leu Val Ser Leu Gly Ala Ile Ser Phe
          130          135          140
Trp Met Cys Ser Asn Gly Ser Leu Gln Cys Arg Ile Cys Ile
          145          150          155

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:28:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 163 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:28:

```

Met Asp Pro Asn Thr Val Ser Ser Phe Gln Val Asp Cys Phe Leu Trp
 1           5           10           15
His Val Arg Lys Arg Val Ala Asp Gln Glu Leu Gly Asp Ala Pro Phe
          20           25           30
Leu Asp Arg Leu Arg Arg Asp Gln Lys Ser Leu Arg Gly Arg Gly Ser
          35           40           45

```

Thr Leu Gly Leu Asp Ile Glu Thr Ala Thr Arg Ala Gly Lys Gln Ile
 50 55 60
 Val Glu Arg Ile Leu Lys Glu Glu Ser Asp Glu Ala Leu Lys Met Thr
 65 70 75 80
 Met Asp Leu Ser Arg Gly Leu Phe Gly Ala Ile Ala Gly Phe Ile Glu
 85 90 95
 Gly Gly Trp Thr Gly Met Ile Asp Gly Trp Tyr Gly Tyr His His Gln
 100 105 110
 Asn Glu Gln Gly Ser Gly Tyr Ala Ala Asp Gln Lys Ser Thr Gln Asn
 115 120 125
 Ala Ile Asn Gly Ile Thr Asn Lys Val Asn Ser Val Ile Glu Lys Met
 130 135 140
 Asn Ile Gln Phe Thr Ala Val Gly Lys Glu Phe Ser Cys Leu Thr Ala
 145 150 155 160
 Tyr His Arg

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:29:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 231 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:29:

Met Asp Pro Asn Thr Val Ser Ser Phe Gln Val Asp Cys Phe Leu Trp
 1 5 10 15
 His Val Arg Lys Arg Val Ala Asp Gln Glu Leu Gly Asp Ala Pro Phe
 20 25 30
 Leu Asp Arg Leu Arg Arg Asp Gln Lys Ser Leu Arg Gly Arg Gly Ser
 35 40 45
 Thr Leu Gly Leu Asp Ile Glu Thr Ala Thr Arg Ala Gly Lys Gln Ile
 50 55 60
 Val Glu Arg Ile Leu Lys Glu Glu Ser Asp Glu Ala Leu Lys Met Thr
 65 70 75 80
 Met Gln Ile Pro Ala Val Gly Lys Glu Phe Asn Lys Leu Glu Lys Arg
 85 90 95
 Met Glu Asn Leu Asn Lys Lys Val Asp Asp Gly Phe Leu Asp Ile Trp
 100 105 110
 Thr Tyr Asn Ala Glu Leu Leu Val Leu Leu Glu Asn Glu Arg Thr Leu
 115 120 125
 Asp Phe His Asp Ser Asn Val Lys Asn Leu Tyr Glu Lys Val Lys Ser
 130 135 140

Gln Leu Lys Asn Asn Ala Lys Glu Ile Gly Asn Gly Cys Phe Glu Phe
 145 150 155 160
 Tyr His Lys Cys Asp Asn Glu Cys Met Glu Ser Val Arg Asn Gly Thr
 165 170 175
 Tyr Asp Tyr Pro Lys Tyr Ser Glu Glu Ser Lys Leu Asn Arg Glu Lys
 180 185 190
 Val Asp Gly Val Lys Leu Glu Ser Met Gly Ile Tyr Gln Ile Leu Ala
 195 200 205
 Ile Tyr Ser Thr Val Ala Ser Ser Gly Gly Ser Tyr Ser Met Glu His
 210 215 220
 Phe Arg Trp Gly Lys Pro Val
 225 230

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:30:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 225 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:30:

Met Asp Pro Asn Thr Val Ser Ser Phe Gln Val Asp Cys Phe Leu Trp
 1 5 10 15
 His Val Arg Lys Arg Val Ala Asp Gln Glu Leu Gly Asp Ala Pro Phe
 20 25 30
 Leu Asp Arg Leu Arg Arg Asp Gln Lys Ser Leu Arg Gly Arg Gly Ser
 35 40 45
 Thr Leu Gly Leu Asp Ile Glu Thr Ala Thr Arg Ala Gly Lys Gln Ile
 50 55 60
 Val Glu Arg Ile Leu Lys Glu Glu Ser Asp Glu Ala Leu Lys Met Thr
 65 70 75 80
 Met Gln Ile Pro Ala Val Gly Lys Glu Phe Asn Lys Leu Glu Lys Arg
 85 90 95
 Met Glu Asn Leu Asn Lys Lys Val Asp Asp Gly Phe Leu Asp Ile Trp
 100 105 110
 Thr Tyr Asn Ala Glu Leu Leu Val Leu Leu Glu Asn Glu Arg Thr Leu
 115 120 125
 Asp Phe His Asp Ser Asn Val Lys Asn Leu Tyr Glu Lys Val Lys Ser
 130 135 140
 Gln Leu Lys Asn Asn Ala Lys Glu Ile Gly Asn Gly Cys Phe Glu Phe
 145 150 155 160
 Tyr His Lys Cys Asp Asn Glu Cys Met Glu Ser Val Arg Asn Gly Thr
 165 170 175

Tyr Asp Tyr Pro Lys Tyr Ser Glu Glu Ser Lys Leu Asn Arg Glu Lys
 180 185 190
 Val Asp Gly Val Lys Leu Glu Ser Met Gly Ile Tyr Gln Ile Leu Ala
 195 200 205
 Ile Tyr Ser Thr Val Ala Ser Ser Gly Gly Ser Tyr Ser Met Leu Val
 210 215 220
 Asn
 225

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:31:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 912 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
- (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
- (B) LOCATION: 1..912

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:31:

ATG GAT CCA AAC ACT GTG TCA AGC TTT CAG GTA GAT TGC TTT CTT TGG	48
Met Asp Pro Asn Thr Val Ser Ser Phe Gln Val Asp Cys Phe Leu Trp	
1 5 10 15	
CAT GTC CGC AAA CGA GTT GCA GAC CAA GAA CTA GGT GAT GCC CCA TTC	96
His Val Arg Lys Arg Val Ala Asp Gln Glu Leu Gly Asp Ala Pro Phe	
20 25 30	
CTT GAT CGG CTT CGC CGA GAT CAG AAA TCC CTA AGA GGA AGG GGC AGC	144
Leu Asp Arg Leu Arg Arg Asp Gln Lys Ser Leu Arg Gly Arg Gly Ser	
35 40 45	
ACT CTT GGT CTG GAC ATC GAG ACA GCC ACA CGT GCT GGA AAG CAG ATA	192
Thr Leu Gly Leu Asp Ile Glu Thr Ala Thr Arg Ala Gly Lys Gln Ile	
50 55 60	
GTG GAG CGG ATT CTG AAA GAA GAA TCC GAT GAG GCA CTT AAA ATG ACC	240
Val Glu Arg Ile Leu Lys Glu Glu Ser Asp Glu Ala Leu Lys Met Thr	
65 70 75 80	
ATG CAG ATC CCG GGT CTA TTT GGA GCC ATT GCC GGT TTT ATT GAA GGG	288
Met Gln Ile Pro Gly Leu Phe Gly Ala Ile Ala Gly Phe Ile Glu Gly	
85 90 95	
GGA TGG ACT GGA ATG ATA GAT GGA TGG TAC GGT TAT CAT CAT CAG AAT	336
Gly Trp Thr Gly Met Ile Asp Gly Trp Tyr Gly Tyr His His Gln Asn	
100 105 110	
GAA CAG GGA TCA GGC TAT GCA GCG GAT CAA AAA AGC ACA CAA AAT GCC	384
Glu Gln Gly Ser Gly Tyr Ala Ala Asp Gln Lys Ser Thr Gln Asn Ala	
115 120 125	

ATT AAC GGG ATT ACA AAC AAG GTG AAC TCT GTT ATC GAG AAA ATG AAC Ile Asn Gly Ile Thr Asn Lys Val Asn Ser Val Ile Glu Lys Met Asn 130 135 140	432
ATT CAA TTC ACA GCT GTG GGT AAA GAA TTC AAC AAA TTA GAA AAA AGG Ile Gln Phe Thr Ala Val Gly Lys Glu Phe Asn Lys Leu Glu Lys Arg 145 150 155 160	480
ATG GAA AAT TTA AAT AAA AAA GTT GAT GAT GGA TTT CTG GAC ATT TGG Met Glu Asn Leu Asn Lys Lys Val Asp Asp Gly Phe Leu Asp Ile Trp 165 170 175	528
ACA TAT AAT GCA GAA TTG TTA GTT CTA CTG GAA AAT GAA AGG ACT CTG Thr Tyr Asn Ala Glu Leu Leu Val Leu Leu Glu Asn Glu Arg Thr Leu 180 185 190	576
GAT TTC CAT GAC TCA AAT GTG AAG AAT CTG TAT GAG AAA GTA AAA AGC Asp Phe His Asp Ser Asn Val Lys Asn Leu Tyr Glu Lys Val Lys Ser 195 200 205	624
CAA TTA AAG AAT AAT GCC AAA GAA ATC GGA AAT GGA TGT TTT GAG TTC Gln Leu Lys Asn Asn Ala Lys Glu Ile Gly Asn Gly Cys Phe Glu Phe 210 215 220	672
TAC CAC AAG TGT GAC AAT GAA TGC ATC GAA AGT GTA AGA AAT GGG ACT Tyr His Lys Cys Asp Asn Glu Cys Met Glu Ser Val Arg Asn Gly Thr 225 230 235 240	720
TAT GAT TAT CCC AAA TAT TCA GAA GAG TCA AAG TTG AAC AGG GAA AAG Tyr Asp Tyr Pro Lys Tyr Ser Glu Glu Ser Lys Leu Asn Arg Glu Lys 245 250 255	768
GTA GAT GGA GTG AAA TTG GAA TCA ATG GGG ATC TAT CAG ATT CTG GCG Val Asp Gly Val Lys Leu Glu Ser Met Gly Ile Tyr Gln Ile Leu Ala 260 265 270	816
ATC TAC TCA ACT GTC GCC AGT TCA CTG GTG CTT TTC GTC TCC CTG GGG Ile Tyr Ser Thr Val Ala Ser Ser Leu Val Leu Leu Val Ser Leu Gly 275 280 285	864
GCA ATC AGT TTC TGG ATG TGT TCT AAT GGA TCT TTG CAG TGC AGA ATA Ala Ile Ser Phe Trp Met Cys Ser Asn Gly Ser Leu Gln Cys Arg Ile 290 295 300	912

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:32:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 304 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:32:

Met	Asp	Pro	Asn	Thr	Val	Ser	Ser	Phe	Gln	Val	Asp	Cys	Phe	Leu	Trp
1				5					10					15	
His	Val	Arg	Lys	Arg	Val	Ala	Asp	Gln	Glu	Leu	Gly	Asp	Ala	Pro	Phe
			20					25					30		

Leu Asp Arg Leu Arg Arg Asp Gln Lys Ser Leu Arg Gly Arg Gly Ser
 35 40 45
 Thr Leu Gly Leu Asp Ile Glu Thr Ala Thr Arg Ala Gly Lys Gln Ile
 50 55 60
 Val Glu Arg Ile Leu Lys Glu Glu Ser Asp Glu Ala Leu Lys Met Thr
 65 70 75 80
 Met Gln Ile Pro Gly Leu Phe Gly Ala Ile Ala Gly Phe Ile Glu Gly
 85 90 95
 Gly Trp Thr Gly Met Ile Asp Gly Trp Tyr Gly Tyr His His Gln Asn
 100 105 110
 Glu Gln Gly Ser Gly Tyr Ala Ala Asp Gln Lys Ser Thr Gln Asn Ala
 115 120 125
 Ile Asn Gly Ile Thr Asn Lys Val Asn Ser Val Ile Glu Lys Met Asn
 130 135 140
 Ile Gln Phe Thr Ala Val Gly Lys Glu Phe Asn Lys Leu Glu Lys Arg
 145 150 155 160
 Met Glu Asn Leu Asn Lys Lys Val Asp Asp Gly Phe Leu Asp Ile Trp
 165 170 175
 Thr Tyr Asn Ala Glu Leu Leu Val Leu Leu Glu Asn Glu Arg Thr Leu
 180 185 190
 Asp Phe His Asp Ser Asn Val Lys Asn Leu Tyr Glu Lys Val Lys Ser
 195 200 205
 Gln Leu Lys Asn Asn Ala Lys Glu Ile Gly Asn Gly Cys Phe Glu Phe
 210 215 220
 Tyr His Lys Cys Asp Asn Glu Cys Met Glu Ser Val Arg Asn Gly Thr
 225 230 235 240
 Tyr Asp Tyr Pro Lys Tyr Ser Glu Glu Ser Lys Leu Asn Arg Glu Lys
 245 250 255
 Val Asp Gly Val Lys Leu Glu Ser Met Gly Ile Tyr Gln Ile Leu Ala
 260 265 270
 Ile Tyr Ser Thr Val Ala Ser Ser Leu Val Leu Leu Val Ser Leu Gly
 275 280 285
 Ala Ile Ser Phe Trp Met Cys Ser Asn Gly Ser Leu Gln Cys Arg Ile
 290 295 300

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:33:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 474 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
- (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
(B) LOCATION: 1..471

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:33:

GTG	GGT	AAA	GAA	TTC	AAC	AAA	TTA	GAA	AAA	AGG	ATC	GAA	AAT	TTA	AAT	48
Val	Gly	Lys	Glu	Phe	Asn	Lys	Leu	Glu	Lys	Arg	Met	Glu	Asn	Leu	Asn	
1				5				10						15		
AAA	AAA	GTT	GAT	GAT	GGA	TTT	CTG	GAC	ATT	TGG	ACA	TAT	AAT	GCA	GAA	96
Lys	Lys	Val	Asp	Asp	Gly	Phe	Leu	Asp	Ile	Trp	Thr	Tyr	Asn	Ala	Glu	
		20					25						30			
TTG	TTA	GTT	CTA	CTG	GAA	AAT	GAA	AGG	ACT	CTG	GAT	TTC	CAT	GAC	TCA	144
Leu	Leu	Val	Leu	Leu	Glu	Asn	Glu	Arg	Thr	Leu	Asp	Phe	His	Asp	Ser	
		35					40					45				
AAT	GTG	AAG	AAT	CTG	TAT	GAG	AAA	GTA	AAA	AGC	CAA	TTA	AAG	AAT	AAT	192
Asn	Val	Lys	Asn	Leu	Tyr	Glu	Lys	Val	Lys	Ser	Gln	Leu	Lys	Asn	Asn	
	50					55					60					
GCC	AAA	GAA	ATC	GGA	AAT	GGA	TGT	TTT	GAG	TTC	TAC	CAC	AAG	TGT	GAC	240
Ala	Lys	Glu	Ile	Gly	Asn	Gly	Cys	Phe	Glu	Phe	Tyr	His	Lys	Cys	Asp	
65				70				75						80		
AAT	GAA	TGC	ATG	GAA	AGT	GTA	AGA	AAT	GGG	ACT	TAT	GAT	TAT	CCC	AAA	288
Asn	Glu	Cys	Met	Glu	Ser	Val	Arg	Asn	Gly	Thr	Tyr	Asp	Tyr	Pro	Lys	
			85					90						95		
TAT	TCA	GAA	GAG	TCA	AAG	TTG	AAC	AGG	GAA	AAG	GTA	GAT	GGA	GTG	AAA	336
Tyr	Ser	Glu	Glu	Ser	Lys	Leu	Asn	Arg	Glu	Lys	Val	Asp	Gly	Val	Lys	
		100						105					110			
TTG	GAA	TCA	ATG	GGG	ATC	TAT	CAG	ATT	CTG	GCG	ATC	TAC	TCA	ACT	GTC	384
Leu	Glu	Ser	Met	Gly	Ile	Tyr	Gln	Ile	Leu	Ala	Ile	Tyr	Ser	Thr	Val	
	115						120					125				
GCC	AGT	TCA	CTG	GTG	CTT	TTG	GTC	TCC	CTG	GGG	GCA	ATC	AGT	TTT	TGG	432
Ala	Ser	Ser	Leu	Val	Leu	Leu	Val	Ser	Leu	Gly	Ala	Ile	Ser	Phe	Trp	
	130					135					140					
ATG	TGT	TCT	AAT	GGA	TCT	TTG	CAG	TGC	AGA	ATA	TGC	ATC	TGA			474
Met	Cys	Ser	Asn	Gly	Ser	Leu	Gln	Cys	Arg	Ile	Cys	Ile				
145				150						155						

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:34:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 157 amino acids
(B) TYPE: amino acid
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:34:

Val	Gly	Lys	Glu	Phe	Asn	Lys	Leu	Glu	Lys	Arg	Met	Glu	Asn	Leu	Asn
1				5				10						15	

Lys Lys Val Asp Asp Gly Phe Leu Asp Ile Trp Thr Tyr Asn Ala Glu
 20 25 30
 Leu Leu Val Leu Leu Glu Asn Glu Arg Thr Leu Asp Phe His Asp Ser
 35 40 45
 Asn Val Lys Asn Leu Tyr Glu Lys Val Lys Ser Gln Leu Lys Asn Asn
 50 55 60
 Ala Lys Glu Ile Gly Asn Gly Cys Phe Glu Phe Tyr His Lys Cys Asp
 65 70 75 80
 Asn Glu Cys Met Glu Ser Val Arg Asn Gly Thr Tyr Asp Tyr Pro Lys
 85 90 95
 Tyr Ser Glu Glu Ser Lys Leu Asn Arg Glu Lys Val Asp Gly Val Lys
 100 105 110
 Leu Glu Ser Met Gly Ile Tyr Gln Ile Leu Ala Ile Tyr Ser Thr Val
 115 120 125
 Ala Ser Ser Leu Val Leu Leu Val Ser Leu Gly Ala Ile Ser Phe Trp
 130 135 140
 Met Cys Ser Asn Gly Ser Leu Gln Cys Arg Ile Cys Ile
 145 150 155

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:35:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
- (A) LENGTH: 47 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:35:

CATGGATCAT ATGTTAACAG ATATCAAGGC CTGACTGACT GAGAGCT

47

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:36:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
- (A) LENGTH: 39 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:36:

CTAGTATACA ATTGTCTATA GTTCCGGACT GACTGACTC

39

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:37:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 29 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:37:

CATGGGCGCC CATATGGGCA TATTCGGCG

29

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:38:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 23 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:38:

CCGCGGGTAT ACCCGTATAA GCC

23

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:39:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 49 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:39:

CATGGATCAT ATGTTAACA GTACTCGATA TCAATGAGTG ACTGAAGCT

49

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:40:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 41 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:40:

CTAGTATACA ATTGTTTCATG AGCTATAGTT ACTCACTGAC T

41

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:41:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 12 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:41:

AATTCGTACC TA

12

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:42:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 12 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: unknown

- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:42:

GCATGGATCT AG

12

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A vaccine for stimulating protection in animals against infection by influenza virus which comprises a an effective amount of an immunogenic fragment of the HA2 subunit of an HA protein selected from the group consisting of a type A subtype influenza virus or a type B influenza virus.

2. The vaccine according to claim 1 wherein said type A subunit is H3N2.

3. The vaccine according to claim 1 wherein the polypeptide is fused to a second polypeptide.

4. The vaccine according to claim 2 wherein the second polypeptide comprises the N terminal amino acids of a NS1 protein.

5. The vaccine according to claim 1 wherein the immunogenic fragment of the HA2 subunit is selected from the group consisting of a peptide comprising amino acids 1 to 221 of the H3HA2 subtype, a peptide comprising amino acids 77 to 221 of the H3HA2 subtype, a peptide comprising amino acids 1 to 223 of the BHA2 type, and a peptide comprising amino acids 41 to 223 of the BHA2 type.

6. The vaccine according to claim 5 comprising NS1₍₁₋₈₁₎H3HA2₍₁₋₂₂₁₎ SEQ ID NO: 10.

7. The vaccine according to claim 5 comprising NS1₍₁₋₈₁₎H3HA2₍₇₇₋₂₂₁₎ SEQ ID NO: 12.

8. The vaccine according to claim 5 comprising NS1₁₋₄₂BLHA2₄₁₋₂₂₃ SEQ ID NO: 14.

9. A protein comprising an immunogenic fragment of the HA2 subunit of an HA protein selected from the group consisting of Type A subtype or type B influenza virus.

10. The protein according to claim 9 wherein said type A subtype is H3N2.

11. The protein according to claim 9 wherein the peptide containing the immunogenic fragment is fused to a second peptide or protein.

12. The protein according to claim 10 wherein the second peptide comprises the N terminal amino acids of a NS1 protein.

13. The protein according to claim 10 wherein the immunogenic fragment of the HA2 subunit is selected from the group consisting of a peptide comprising amino acids 1 to 221 of the H3HA2 subunit, a peptide comprising amino acids 77 to 221 of the H3HA2 subunit, a peptide comprising amino acids 1-223 of the BHA2 subunit, and a peptide comprising amino acids 41-223 of the BHA2 subunit.

14. A polypeptide NS1₍₁₋₃₁₎H3HA2₍₁₋₂₂₁₎ SEQ ID NO: 10.

15. A polypeptide NS1₍₁₋₃₁₎H3HA2₍₇₇₋₂₂₁₎ SEQ ID NO:
12.

16. A polypeptide NS1₍₁₋₃₁₎BLHA2₍₄₁₋₂₂₃₎ SEQ ID NO: 14.

17. A DNA molecule comprising a coding sequence for an immunogenic fragment of the HA2 subunit of an HA protein selected from the group consisting of a Type A subtype or type B influenza virus.

18. The DNA molecule according to claim 17 wherein said Type A subunit is H3N2.

19. The DNA molecule according to claim 17 comprising a coding sequence for the polypeptide NS1₍₁₋₈₁₎H3HA2₍₁₋₂₂₁₎ SEQ ID NO: 10.

20. The DNA molecule according to claim 17 comprising a coding sequence for the polypeptide NS1₍₁₋₄₂₎H3BLHA2₍₄₁₋₂₂₃₎ SEQ ID NO: 14.

21. The DNA molecule according to claim 17 comprising a coding sequence for the polypeptide NS1₍₁₋₈₁₎H3HA2₍₇₇₋₂₂₁₎ SEQ ID NO: 12.

22. Plasmid pMG13H3HA SEQ ID NO: 9.

23. Plasmid pNS1₍₁₋₄₁₎BLHA2₍₄₁₋₂₂₃₎ SEQ ID NO: 13.

24. A microorganism transformed with a DNA molecule comprising a coding sequence for an immunogenic fragment of the HA2 subunit of an HA protein selected from the group consisting of a Type A subtype or type B influenza virus.

25. The microorganism according to claim 24 wherein said Type A subunit is H3N2.

26. The microorganism according to claim 24 wherein said DNA molecule comprises a coding sequence for the polypeptide NS1₍₁₋₈₁₎H3HA2₍₁₋₂₂₁₎ SEQ ID NO: 10.

27. A combination vaccine for stimulating protection in animals against infection by influenza virus which comprises a first polypeptide having an immunogenic fragment of the HA2 subunit of an influenza H3 subtype virus and a second polypeptide selected from the group consisting of a polypeptide having an immunogenic fragment of the HA2 subunit of a type B influenza virus, and a polypeptide having an immunogenic fragment of the HA2 subunit of an H1 subtype influenza virus, and a polypeptide having an immunogenic fragment of the HA2 subunit of an H2 subtype influenza virus.

28. The combination vaccine according to claim 27 wherein the first polypeptide is selected from the group consisting of NS1₍₁₋₈₁₎H3HA2₍₁₋₂₂₁₎ SEQ ID NO: 10 and NS1₍₁₋₈₁₎H3HA2₍₇₇₋₂₂₁₎ SEQ ID NO: 12.

29. The combination vaccine according to claim 27 wherein the second polypeptide is a polypeptide having an immunogenic fragment of the HA2 subunit of an H1 subtype influenza virus.

30. The combination vaccine according to claim 27 wherein said second polypeptide is selected from the group consisting of C13 SEQ ID NO: 16, D SEQ ID NO: 18, C13 short SEQ ID NO: 20, D short SEQ ID NO: 22, A SEQ ID NO: 24, C SEQ ID NO: 26, AD SEQ ID NO: 27, Δ13 SEQ ID NO: 28, M SEQ ID NO: 29, ΔM SEQ ID NO: 30, ΔM+ SEQ ID NO: 32, and H1HA2₆₆₋₇₂₂ SEQ ID NO: 34.

31. The combination vaccine according to claim 27 wherein said second polypeptide is NS1₁₋₄₂BLHA2₄₁₋₂₂₃ SEQ ID NO: 14.

32. A combination vaccine for stimulating protection in animals against infection by influenza virus which comprises a first polypeptide having an immunogenic fragment of the HA2 subunit of an influenza H3 subtype virus, a second polypeptide having an immunogenic fragment of the HA2 subunit of an influenza B type virus, and a third polypeptide selected from the group consisting of a polypeptide having an immunogenic fragment of the HA2 subunit of an H1 subtype influenza virus and a polypeptide having an immunogenic fragment of the HA2 subunit of an H2 subtype influenza virus.

FIGURE 1

(a)	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	
(b)	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	
(c)	--tc--t-	-a-c-t-	c-----t-t	---ggg--a-	--act--	
(d)	GGCATATTTCG	GCGCAATAGC	AGGTTTCATA	GAAAATGGTT	GGGAGGGAAT	50
(a)	-----	-----	-----	-----t--	-----	
(b)	-----	-----	-----	-----c--	-----	
(c)	-----t-a	-----	atcat-----	g---gaac--	--at---ct	
(d)	GATAGACGGT	TGGTACGGTT	TCAGGCATCA	AAATTC-GAG	GGCACAGGAC	100
(a)	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	
(b)	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	
(c)	-t-----g-	--aa-----	--a---aat-	---ta--gg	g--t-caaac	
(d)	AAGCAGCAGA	TCTTAAAAGC	ACTCAAGCAG	CCATCGACCA	AATCAATGGG	150
(a)	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	
(b)	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	
(c)	--gg---ct	ct--t-----	---a-t-----	attc-----a	cagctg-g-g	
(d)	AAACTGAATA	GGGTAATCGA	GAAGACGAAC	GAGAAATTCC	ATCAATTCGA	200
(a)	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	
(b)	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	
(c)	t--a-----	aaca--t---	---aaa--g-	gg-aa-tt-a	a-t---a-a-	
(d)	AAAGGAATTC	TCAGAAGTAG	AAGGGAGAAT	TCAGGACCTC	GAGAAATACG	250
(a)	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	
(b)	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	
(c)	---t--tgg	atttc-g--c	a-t---a-a-	-t-----a--	at-gt-a--t	
(d)	TTGAAGACAC	TAAAATAGAT	CTCTGGTCTT	ACAATGCGGA	GCCTCTGTGTC	300
(a)	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	
(b)	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	
(c)	cta-----a	-tg--agg--	tc-g---t-c	ca-----aa	-tg---g--	
(d)	GCTCTGGAGA	ACCAACATAC	AATTGATCTG	ACTGACTCGG	AAATGAACAA	350
(a)	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	
(b)	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	
(c)	t---a---g	---gt--aa-	-c---t-a-a	-a-t-----c	a-a--a--c-	
(d)	ACTGTTTGAA	AAAACAAGGA	GGCAACTGAG	GGAAAATGCT	GAGGACATGG	400
(a)	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	
(b)	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	
(c)	-a-----a-	t--tg-gt-c	-----g-	-----a	a-----g-aa	
(d)	GCAATGGTTC	CTTCAAAATA	TACCACAAAT	GTGACAATGC	TTGCATAGGG	450
(a)	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	
(b)	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	
(c)	agtg-a---	-----	---tt--ccc	aa---ttc--	-a--gt--aa	
(d)	TCAATCAGAA	ATGGGACTTA	TGACCATGAT	GTATACAGAG	ACGAAGCATT	500
(a)	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	
(b)	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	
(c)	gttg---a-	gaaa--g-ag	-t--a--ga-	-t--g-a---	atgggg-tct	
(d)	AAACAACCGG	TTTCAGATCA	AAGGTGTTGA	ACTGAAGTCA	GGATACAAAG	550
(a)	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	
(b)	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	
(c)	-tca---t-	-gc---c-a-	-caa-tg-cg	-ca-t-cac-	-g-gct-t-g	
(d)	ACTGGATCCT	GTGGATTTC	TTTGCCATAT	CATGCTTTTT	GCTTTGTGTT	600

FIGURE 1 (con't)

(a) -----g-----
 (b) -----a-----
 (c) --c--cc-- --gca--g tt-c--atg --ttct--t- -atctt-gca
 (d) GTTTTGCTGG GGTTCATCA- --TGTGGGCC TGCCA-AAAG GCAACATTAG

650

(a) -----
 (b) -----
 (c) --ga--a --c--g
 (d) GTGCAACATT TGCATTGA-

670

FIGURE 2

ATG GAT CCA AAC ACT GTG TCA AGC TTT CAG GTA GAT TGC TTT CTT TGG Met Asp Pro Asn Thr Val Ser Ser Phe Gln Val Asp Cys Phe Leu Trp 1 5 10 15	48
CAT GTC CGC AAA CGA GTT GCA GAC CAA GAA CTA GGT GAT GCC CCA TTC His Val Arg Lys Arg Val Ala Asp Gln Glu Leu Gly Asp Ala Pro Phe 20 25 30	96
CTT GAT CGG CTT CGC CGA GAT CAG AAA TCC CTA AGA GGA AGG GGC AGC Leu Asp Arg Leu Arg Arg Asp Gln Lys Ser Leu Arg Gly Arg Gly Ser 35 40 45	144
ACT CTT GGT CTG GAC ATC GAG ACA GCC ACA CGT GCT GGA AAG CAG ATA Thr Leu Gly Leu Asp Ile Glu Thr Ala Thr Arg Ala Gly Lys Gln Ile 50 55 60	192
GTG GAG CGG ATT CTG AAA GAA GAA TCC GAT GAG GCA CTT AAA ATG ACC Val Glu Arg Ile Leu Lys Glu Glu Ser Asp Glu Ala Leu Lys Met Thr 65 70 75 80	240
ATG GGC GCC CAT ATG GGC ATA TTC GGC GCA ATA GCA GGT TTC ATA GAA Met Gly Ala His Met Gly Ile Phe Gly Ala Ile Ala Gly Phe Ile Glu 85 90 95	288
AAT GGT TGG GAG GGA ATG ATA GAC GGT TGG TAC GGT TTC AGG CAT CAA Asn Gly Trp Glu Gly Met Ile Asp Gly Trp Tyr Gly Phe Arg His Gln 100 105 110	336
AAT TCT GAG GGC ACA GGA CAA GCA GCA GAT CTT AAA AGC ACT CAA GCA Asn Ser Glu Gly Thr Gly Gln Ala Ala Asp Leu Lys Ser Thr Gln Ala 115 120 125	384
GCC ATC GAC CAA ATC AAT GGG AAA CTG AAT AGG GTA ATC GAG AAG ACG Ala Ile Asp Gln Ile Asn Gly Lys Leu Asn Arg Val Ile Glu Lys Thr 130 135 140	432
AAC GAG AAA TTC CAT CAA ATC GAA AAG GAA TTC TCA GAA GTA GAA GGG Asn Glu Lys Phe His Gln Ile Glu Lys Glu Phe Ser Glu Val Glu Gly 145 150 155 160	480
AGA ATT CAG GAC CTC GAG AAA TAC GTT GAA GAC ACT AAA ATA GAT CTC Arg Ile Gln Asp Leu Glu Lys Tyr Val Glu Asp Thr Lys Ile Asp Leu 165 170 175	528
TGG TCT TAC AAT GCG GAG CTT CTT GTC GCT CTG GAG AAC CAA CAT ACA Trp Ser Tyr Asn Ala Glu Leu Leu Val Ala Leu Glu Asn Gln His Thr 180 185 190	576
ATT GAT CTG ACT GAC TCG GAA ATG AAC AAA CTG TTT GAA AAA ACA AGG Ile Asp Leu Thr Asp Ser Glu Met Asn Lys Leu Phe Glu Lys Thr Arg 195 200 205	624
AGG CAA CTG AGG GAA AAT GCT GAG GAC ATG GGC AAT GGT TGC TTC AAA Arg Gln Leu Arg Glu Asn Ala Glu Asp Met Gly Asn Gly Cys Phe Lys 210 215 220	672

FIGURE 2 (con't)

ATA Ile 225	TAC Tyr	CAC His	AAA Lys	TGT Cys	GAC Asp 230	AAT Asn	GCT Ala	TGC Cys	ATA Ile	GGG Gly 235	TCA Ser	ATC Ile	AGA Arg	AAT Asn	GGG Gly 240	720
ACT Thr	TAT Tyr	GAC Asp	CAT His	GAT Asp 245	GTA Val	TAC Tyr	AGA Arg	GAC Asp	GAA Glu 250	GCA Ala	TTA Leu	AAC Asn	AAC Asn	CGG Arg 255	TTT Phe	768
CAG Gln	ATC Ile	AAA Lys	GGT Gly 260	GTT Val	GAA Glu	CTG Leu	AAG Lys	TCA Ser 265	GGA Gly	TAC Tyr	AAA Lys	GAC Asp	TGG Trp 270	ATC Ile	CTG Leu	816
TGG Trp	ATT Ile	TCC Ser 275	TTT Phe	GCC Ala	ATA Ile	TCA Ser	TGC Cys 280	TTT Phe	TTG Leu	CTT Leu	TGT Cys	GTT Val 285	GTT Val	TTG Leu	CTG Leu	864
GGG Gly 290	TTC Phe	ATC Ile	ATG Met	TGG Trp	GCC Ala	TGC Cys 295	CAA Gln	AAA Lys	GGC Gly	AAC Asn	ATT Ile 300	AGG Arg	TGC Cys	AAC Asn	ATT Ile	912
TGC Cys 305	ATT Ile															918

FIGURE 3

ATG Met 1	GAT Asp Pro	CCA Pro Asn	AAC Asn Thr	ACT Thr Val	GTG Val Ser	TCA Ser Ser	AGC Ser Phe	TTT Phe Gln	CAG Gln Val	GTA Val Asp	GAT Asp Cys	TGC Cys Phe	TTT Phe Leu	CTT Leu Trp	TGG Trp Phe	48
CAT His	GTC Val	CGC Arg	AAA Lys	CGA Arg	GTT Val	GCA Ala	GAC Asp	CAA Gln	GAA Glu	CTA Leu	GGT Gly	GAT Asp	GCC Ala	CCA Pro	TTC Phe	96
CTT Leu	GAT Asp	CGG Arg	CTT Leu	CGC Arg	CGA Arg	GAT Asp	CAG Gln	AAA Lys	TCC Ser	CTA Leu	AGA Arg	GGA Gly	AGG Arg	GGC Gly	AGC Ser	144
ACT Thr	CTT Leu	GGT Gly	CTG Leu	GAC Asp	ATC Ile	GAG Glu	ACA Thr	GCC Ala	ACA Thr	CGT Arg	GCT Ala	GGA Gly	AAG Lys	CAG Gln	ATA Ile	192
GTG Val 65	GAG Glu	CGG Arg	ATT Ile	CTG Leu	AAA Lys	GAA Glu	GAA Glu	TCC Ser	GAT Asp	GAG Glu	GCA Ala	CTT Leu	AAA Lys	ATC Met	ACC Thr	240
ATG Met	GAT Asp	CAT His	ATG Met	TTA Leu	ATT Ile	CAG Gln	GAC Asp	CTC Leu	GAG Glu	AAA Lys	TAC Tyr	GTT Val	GAA Glu	GAC Asp	ACT Thr	288
AAA Lys	ATA Ile	GAT Asp	CTC Leu	TGG Trp	TCT Ser	TAC Tyr	AAT Asn	GCG Ala	GAG Glu	CTT Leu	CTT Leu	GTC Val	GCT Ala	CTG Leu	GAG Glu	336
AAC Asn	CAA Gln	CAT His	ACA Thr	ATT Ile	GAT Asp	CTG Leu	ACT Thr	GAC Asp	TCG Ser	GAA Glu	ATG Met	AAC Asn	AAA Lys	CTG Leu	TTT Phe	384
GAA Glu	AAA Lys	ACA Thr	AGG Arg	AGG Arg	CAA Gln	CTG Leu	AGG Arg	GAA Glu	AAT Asn	GCT Ala	GAG Glu	GAC Asp	ATG Met	GGC Gly	AAT Asn	432
GGT Gly	TGC Cys	TTC Phe	AAA Lys	ATA Ile	TAC Tyr	CAC His	AAA Lys	TGT Cys	GAC Asp	AAT Asn	GCT Ala	TGC Cys	ATA Ile	GGG Gly	TCA Ser	480
ATC Ile	AGA Arg	AAT Asn	GGG Gly	ACT Thr	TAT Tyr	GAC Asp	CAT His	GAT Asp	GTA Val	TAC Tyr	AGA Arg	GAC Asp	GAA Glu	GCA Ala	TTA Leu	528
AAC Asn	AAC Asn	CGG Arg	TTT Phe	CAG Gln	ATC Ile	AAA Lys	GGT Gly	GTT Val	GAA Glu	CTG Leu	AAG Lys	TCA Ser	GGA Gly	TAC Tyr	AAA Lys	576
GAC Asp	TGG Trp	ATC Ile	CTG Leu	TGG Trp	ATT Ile	TCC Ser	TTT Phe	GCC Ala	ATA Ile	TCA Ser	TGC Cys	TTT Phe	TTG Leu	CTT Leu	TGT Cys	624
GTT Val	GTT Val	TTG Leu	CTG Leu	GGG Gly	TTC Phe	ATC Ile	ATG Met	TGG Trp	GCC Ala	TGC Cys	CAA Gln	AAA Lys	GGC Gly	AAC Asn	ATT Ile	672
AGG Arg	TGC Cys	AAC Asn	ATT Ile	TGC Cys	ATT Ile											690

FIGURE 4

ATG	GAT	CCA	AAC	ACT	GTG	TCA	AGC	TTT	CAG	GTA	GAT	TCC	TTT	CTT	TGG	48
Met	Asp	Pro	Asn	Thr	Val	Ser	Ser	Phe	Gln	Val	Asp	Ser	Phe	Leu	Trp	
1				5					10					15		
CAT	GTC	CGC	AAA	CGA	GTT	GCA	GAC	CAA	GAA	CTA	GGT	GAT	GCC	CCA	TTC	96
His	Val	Arg	Lys	Arg	Val	Ala	Asp	Gln	Glu	Leu	Gly	Asp	Ala	Pro	Phe	
			20					25					30			
CTT	GAT	CGG	CTT	CGC	CGA	GAT	CAG	AAA	TCC	ATG	CAT	GGA	TCA	TAT	GTT	144
Leu	Asp	Arg	Leu	Arg	Arg	Asp	Gln	Lys	Ser	Met	His	Gly	Ser	Tyr	Val	
		35					40					45				
AAC	AAG	ACA	CAA	GAA	GCT	ATA	AAC	AAG	ATA	ACA	AAA	AAT	CTC	AAC	TAT	192
Asn	Lys	Thr	Gln	Glu	Ala	Ile	Asn	Lys	Ile	Thr	Lys	Asn	Leu	Asn	Tyr	
	50					55					60					
TTA	AGT	GAG	CTA	GAA	GTA	AAA	AAC	CTT	CAA	AGA	CTA	AGC	GGA	GCA	ATG	240
Leu	Ser	Glu	Leu	Glu	Val	Lys	Asn	Leu	Gln	Arg	Leu	Ser	Gly	Ala	Met	
65					70					75					80	
AAT	GAG	CTT	CAC	GAC	GAA	ATA	CTC	GAG	CTA	GAC	GAA	AAA	GTG	GAT	GAT	288
Asn	Glu	Leu	His	Asp	Glu	Ile	Leu	Glu	Leu	Asp	Glu	Lys	Val	Asp	Asp	
				85				90						95		
CTA	AGA	GCT	GAT	ACA	ATA	AGC	TCA	CAA	ATA	GAG	CTT	GCA	GTC	TTG	CTT	336
Leu	Arg	Ala	Asp	Thr	Ile	Ser	Ser	Gln	Ile	Glu	Leu	Ala	Val	Leu	Leu	
			100					105					110			
TCC	AAC	GAA	GGG	ATA	ATA	AAC	AGT	GAA	GAT	GAG	CAT	CTC	TTG	GCA	CTT	384
Ser	Asn	Glu	Gly	Ile	Ile	Asn	Ser	Glu	Asp	Glu	His	Leu	Leu	Ala	Leu	
		115					120					125				
GAA	AGA	AAA	CTG	AAG	AAA	ATG	CTT	GGC	CCC	TCT	GCT	GTA	GAA	ATA	GGG	432
Glu	Arg	Lys	Leu	Lys	Lys	Met	Leu	Gly	Pro	Ser	Ala	Val	Glu	Ile	Gly	
	130					135					140					
AAT	GGG	TGC	TTT	GAA	ACC	AAA	CAC	AAA	TGC	AAC	CAG	ACT	TGC	CTA	GAC	480
Asn	Gly	Cys	Phe	Glu	Thr	Lys	His	Lys	Cys	Asn	Gln	Thr	Cys	Leu	Asp	
145					150					155					160	
AGG	ATA	GCT	GCT	GGC	ACC	TTT	AAT	GCA	GGA	GAT	TTT	TCT	CTT	CCC	ACT	528
Arg	Ile	Ala	Ala	Gly	Thr	Phe	Asn	Ala	Gly	Asp	Phe	Ser	Leu	Pro	Thr	
				165					170					175		
TTT	GAT	TCA	TTA	AAC	ATT	ACT	GCT	GCA	TCT	TTA	AAT	GAT	GAT	GGC	TTG	576
Phe	Asp	Ser	Leu	Asn	Ile	Thr	Ala	Ala	Ser	Leu	Asn	Asp	Asp	Gly	Leu	
			180					185					190			

FIGURE 4 (con't)

GAT	AAT	CAT	ACT	ATA	CTG	CTC	TAC	TAC	TCA	ACT	GCT	GCT	TCT	AGC	TTG	624
Asp	Asn	His	Thr	Ile	Leu	Leu	Tyr	Tyr	Ser	Thr	Ala	Ala	Ser	Ser	Leu	
		195					200					205				
GCT	GTA	ACA	TTA	ATG	ATA	GCT	ATC	TTC	ATT	GTC	TAC	ATG	GTC	TCC	AGA	672
Ala	Val	Thr	Leu	Met	Ile	Ala	Ile	Phe	Ile	Val	Tyr	Met	Val	Ser	Arg	
	210					215					220					
GAC	AAT	GTT	TCT	TGT	TCC	ATC	TGT	CTG								699
Asp	Asn	Val	Ser	Cys	Ser	Ile	Cys	Leu								
225						230										

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.
PCT/US93/01451

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC(5) :IPC:5 A61K 39/12;CO7K 3/00; CO7H 15/12

US CL :424/89; 530/350; 536/27

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

U.S. : 424/89; 530/350; 536/27

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)

Dialog, APS, search terms: influenza virus, hemagglutinin, nonstructural protein, fusion protein, vaccine

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	Journal of Experimental Medicine, Volume 162, issued August, 1985, Yamada et al, "Influenza Virus Hemagglutinin-Specific Cytotoxic T Cell Response Induced By Polypeptide Produced In <u>Escherichia coli</u> ", pages 663-674, especially pages 664-665.	1-32
X	Journal Of Experimental Medicine, volume 162, issued November 1985, Yamada et al, "Influenza virus Subtype-specific Cytotoxic T Lymphocytes Lyse Target CELLS Coated With A Protein Produced In <u>E. coli</u> ", pages 1720-1725, see entire document.	1-16, 27-32

☒ Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C. ☐ See patent family annex.

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A document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be part of particular relevance	X	document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone
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O document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means		
P document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed		

Date of the actual completion of the international search

06 May 1993

Date of mailing of the international search report

17 MAY 1993

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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/US93/01451

C (Continuation). DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
Y	Journal Of Immunology, volume 140, No. 4, issued 15 February 1988, Kuwano et al, "HA2 Subunit Of Influenza A H1 and H2 Subtype Viruses Induces A Protective Cross-Reactive Cytotoxic T Lymphocyte Response", pages 1264-1268, see entire document.	1-16, 27-32
Y	Federation of American Societies For Experimental Biology, 75th Annual Meeting, volume 5, no. 5, issued 21-25 April, 1991, Dillon, et al, "Activity of CD8+ CTL In Mice Immunized With Recombinant Influenza NS1-HA2 Fusion Protein Or A CTL Epitope Peptide (HA2 189-199), Abstract 5748, page A1362.	1-16, 27-32

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